# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

#### VOLUME 14. CHELSEA, MICH., T\_URSDAY, JULY 30, 1885. NUMBER ADVERTISING RATES. MAILS CLOSE. Chas. Depew spent Sunday in GOING EAST. 11w | 1m | 3m | 6m | 1v MEMORIAL SERVICES. Go to Glazier's Bank Drug Store GOING WEST. Inch ..... 13 50|\$1 00|\$2 00|\$3 00|\$5 Dexter. 9:35 A. M. ..... 9:35 A. M. On hearing the sad news of the for pure Paris Green. Column... 1 00 2 00 4 00 6 00 10 00 Р. м. ..... 10:35 А. М. Geo. J. Crowell spent Monday last death of Gen. Grant, the G. A. R. 8:15 P. M. ... 5:45 P. M. Column... 2 00 4 00 8 00 12 00 20 00 Go to Glazier's Bank Drug Store at Ann Arbor. Post at once set about making ar-Column... | 2.50| 5 00| 10 00|15 00|25 00 8:15 P. M. for all kinds of machine oil. · G. J. CROWELL, P. M. Column. . | 8 50| 7 00|14 00|27 00|35 00 rangments for a memorial service Dr. Styles and family are camping Coumn ... | 4 50| 9 00|18 00|36 00|45 00 to be held at the Town Hall on last Save money by buying gasoline at Wolfe Lake. We are ready for new subscribers. Colump ... | 6 00|12 00|24 00|16 00|6000 Sabbath morning at the usual hour Glazier's Bank Drug Store. Mr. Will Winans, of Lansing, is Mr. H. Fuller is moving into his home on a visit. of service. At the time appointed We solicit communications and news Save money by buying machine new house. the bell of the Congregational is from all the surrounding towns. oils a Glazier's Bank Drug Store. Dr. Chase, of Dexter, was in town Every communication must contain the A refreshing little shower on Wed- last Wednesday. Church tolled, and the people wendme and address of the writer, not necesarily for publication, but as a gaurantee of Gasoline 11 cts. per gallon at Glanesday evening. ed their way to the place of meeting. Mr. Frank Baldwin has been very zier's Bank Drug Store. A large company gathered to pay L. Winans has laid a new floor ill for several weeks. If you have any business at the probate fice, make the request that the notice be ablished in the HERALD. Such a request their respects to the great General. Save money by buying Paris in his drug store. Mrs. Caroline North is spending The services were opened with a Green at Glazier's Bank Drug Store. Several of our business men speut the summer at Elmira. will always be granted. dirge by the Chelsea Cornet Band. part of last week at Wolfe Lake. Machine oils 15 cts. per gallon at Our market report will invariably be The low beat of the drum brought Hammond Tuttle was in town the Glazier's Bank Drug Store. ad correct, as we give it our personal Having and harvesting are nearly sad thoughts to many a true heart. tention and take great pains to give corlatter part of last week. ect quotations. The prices quoted are completed in this region. A good Then came some services by the G. Save money by buying all grocer-Mr. L. Bush, of Manchester, was se paid by dealers. crop has been secured. A. R. Post, after which Rev. J. A. ies, drugs, medicines, etc., at Gla-We must not be held re-ponsible for senti in town on Monday last. mts expressed by writers. Kaley led in prayer. Next came zier's Bank Drug Store. Correspondents in other towns are Miss Lyra Hatch will be home Address all communications to requested to send us a full supply of from Detroit tomorrow. singing by the choir, followed by the THE HERALD. reading of the 19th Psaim by Rev. items for our next issue. For Sale Cheap. One Brewster A Mrs. O'Connell, of this place, H. M. Gallup, and then another spring, top buggy. Geo. BeGole, at J. H. Durand and L. E. Sparks are died last Saturday morning. CHURCH DIRECTORY. lolmes & Co's clothing store. tf. song. The three ministers then relaying their sidewalks; a good ex-Mr. Will Whitaker spent Sunday spoke. Rev. J. A. McIlwain gave an METHODIST. - Rev. J. A. McIlwain, ample for several others. House and lot for sale. Inquire of ervices at 10.30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer outline of the career of Gen. Grant with friends in this vicinity. eeting Tuesday and Thursday evenings MRS. M. E. BALDWIN. If you want to know how an icewith comments. Rev J. A. Kaley 17 o'clock. Sunday school immediately Mrs. F. H. Coe, of Menominee, is water douche feels on a hot day, ask Willard, Parker & Co's. sugar ter morning services. thought that Grant killed the robelvisiting friends in this vicinity. cured hams at Geo. Taylor or Tom Mac. CANFIELD'S. CONGREGATIONAL -- Rev. John A. Kalion by cutting the confederacy in Services, at 10:30 A. M., and 7 P. M. Miss Rose Swarthout, of Ovid, is two. Rev H. M. Gallup closed the [for rent! Two nice rooms in the John Walz's little child received a visiting friends in this vicinity. Young people's meeting, Sabbath evening, t 6 o'clock. Prayer meeting, Thursday rening, at 7 o'clock. Sunday School, im-rediately after morning services. Durand & Hatch Block, suitexercises with a glowing tribute and severe burn on its face last Saturday. able for millenry, dress making or Rev. Adolph Roedel, of Waterloo, an appeal against hero worship. by falling upon a hot stove. Sorry. law office. Inquire of Durand or made us a friendly call this morning. The services were useful as re-

BAPTIST .- Rev. Mr. Gallup. Services, at 30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting, hursday evening, at 7 o'clock. Sunday chool, at 12 M.

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J. Bacon has locals of interest to housekeepers, painters and farmers in another column. Do not fail to week.

Mr. Frank Feckenscher, of Fenton minding us of a sad era in our hiswas in town the fore part of the tory and the rich blessing it brought

Hatch.

House and lot for sale, on South Main-st. Inquire of F. McNamara.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY	Express packages are now deliver-	Miss Hattie Jefferson, of Norwalk, Ohio, is visiting triends in this vi-	OBSEQUIES OF GEN. GTANT.	25 cents. Housekeepers' Bazaar.
CITY	in a good,	ciuity.		L. Tichenor can be found at Cave-
UIII	faithful young man, and does well		were placed in the casket last even- ing. They will be in charge of of	
BARBER SHOP	whatever he undertakes.	wenne returned to Toledo ou Sutur-	the guard of honor from U. S. Grant	
BOYD & SHAVER.	The union meeting at the Congre-	day last.	Post of Brooklyn, until Tuesday,	LIMA II EMO.
no doors west of Woods & Knapp's	gational church last Sunday evening	Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Foster, of	Ang Ath when they will be normand	LIMA, July 28.—Mrs. Perry Pal-
aniware store. Work done quickly and a first-class style.	was largely attended. The address	Adman any visiting friends in this	to Albany, where they will lie in	mer, of Waterloo, is visiting her
A .	was delivered by the Rev. J. A. Ka-	vicinity.	state at the Capitol until Wednesday,	mother.
K. O. T. M Chelsea Tent No.	ley.	Mr. Goodell, of Corunna, is the	when they will be removed to New	
81, of the K. O. T. M., will meet at	Have you looked into the House-	guest of his daughter, Mrs. R. S.	York city. At New York they will	
dd Fellows' Hall the first and hird Friday of each month.	keerers Bazaar, and observed the	Armstrong.	be placed in the rotunda of the City	Some of I. Storms' berry pickers
WM. BACON. R.K.	number of indispensable articles there	Mrs. Sidney Harrington and	they will find their fund	struck for higher wages last week
	to be found? See locals in another	day anter and visiting much fained.	in Riverside Park, in a very con-	but did not get them, so they sit in
H. STILES,	column.	and relatives in Howell.	spicnous and romantic spot on the	1/
DENTIST,	F. W. Eisenburg, H. S. Holmes	Miss May Fuller and sister have	Hudson River. A full million of	Birdcages from 45 cents to \$1.50
and to cons. Drug Dunge.	& Co's accomplished tailor, goes to	been very sick with typhoid fever	strangers are expected to be in the	Bacon's Hardware.
Сивелен, Місн. v11-46.	Ann Arbor soon. The tailor shop	out are now recovering.	city on the occasion. Who of all	To clean the teeth use a mixture
DEO E DAVIS Det	will be continued under the direc-	Mrs. H. M. Woods and children	earth's potentates has ever recived	of emery and sweet oil, following it
J dent Auctioneer of 16	tion of equally accomplished John	left for Dansville last Monday. They	the honors that have been awarded	with plenty of kerosene." This
and second to none in			to him?	would seem to be queer advice, but
te State. Will attend all farm sales and ther anetions on short notice. Orders	Ou introday last white coupling	mano antitic ast antippincouty of anti-	Wheel cultivators cheap at	it is taken from a machinests' mag-
at this office will receive prompt atten-	cars on a side track in this place,	mont, and Mrs. R. B. Lippincott, of	Bacon's Hardware.	azine, and from a chapter on saws, we
lich. V-18-5.	Burt Hainer was caught between the	North Branch, are the guests of Mrs.		have no doubt it is given in good
Pur D. V. LL	cars and quite badly injured. We	John R. Gates.	have a very large attendence but	
For Reliable Insurance Against	are glad to state that he is out again	Miss Bessie Barry, of Jackson, is	those that did attend were well pleased.	see our 45ct. overails and jacket,
HEE OR TORNADO,	although feeling a little sore.	visiting net sister, mis mi conk-	and said that it was a very good show	Housekeepers' Bazaar.
CALL ON ,	Chas. Kaercher came very near	wright, of this place.	for twenty-five cents.	Liouse Ree pers Dazaar.
	having a serious if not fatal accident	Rev. J. A. Kaley and wife will leave	/ incade date to bot partites, one and	Manchester is to have a broom factory. That is the way to make a
	on Monday last, by having his arm	next week Tuesday for a vacation of	brushes. Bacon's Hardware.	live town start man of the way to make a
e Represent	and leg caught in the belting, but by	four weeks; he for Carey, Ohio; she	Is every body aware that fresh	live town, start manufactories. No matter if they are not very extensive
outinental of New York, - \$7,208,489.	prompt assistance in shuting down	and the second	buttermilk is the most cooling, re-	at first; they will grow. We would
stura, of New Vani- 0 one 000	the engine, he escaped with slight	Diliss mina acades, cheisea s ac-	freshing, and wholesome drink that	gludly welcome the establisher is a
artford, of Conn., 5,295,326 utford, of Conn., 4,067,976.	bruises.	compliance telephonist, will take a	can be found in hot weather? Cream-	a hroom footow Dontes T ?
pringfield, of Mass., 2,395,288.	The young men of this place are	vacation during the month of Au-	ery buttermilk is the best in the	Very true Bro. Allen, but it would
The game between fills rows in	lawannd with a subserintion paper to	Tonst Miss Anda Lichenor Will	world.	take something more than a broom
es ball club" and a picked nine at	get money to build a bath house at Cavenaugh Lake. It will be placed			factory to wake Dexter from its long
e fair grounds Saturday was north	Cavenaugh Lake. It will be placed	AT THE LAKE Mr. G. J. Crowell	Garland cook stoves, which will sell cheap for cash. Bacon's Hardware.	somnolenceSun.
ry characterized as a snide affair	walk will be built out to it. There	and family ; Mr. G. W. TurnBull fam-	cheap for eash. Bacon's Hardware.	Be not disconraged Dexter. There
shis were as ignorant of base	are to be no doors on it so we con-	ily and guests; Mrs. C. H. Kempf,	Pake notice of our 29 ct. embroid-	is another sun that may shed more
wo a nen of water : it was with	aluda that it is free to everyone.	Myrta and Miss Hattie Jefferson;	pry, displayed in our window.	
that the second basewoman		Mr. G. H. Kempf: Mr. F. P. Gla-	Housekeepers' Bazaar.	Don't forget we are headquarters
my throw a bull to the witches	Automeeting of an and	zier and family; Mr. C. M. Davis	We are in receipt of the Detroit	for pure candles, oranges and lemons.
a great shout want up when one	Post No. 41 G. A. R., at Chelsea, the	and family Dr. Palmer and fam-	& Cleveand Steam Navigation Co's Picturesque Mackinac. It is a beauti-	Housekeepers' Bazaar.
the "ladies" caught a ball. The	Whereas an allwise Providence has	ily; J. A. Palmer and wife; C. E.	Picturesque Mackinac. It is a beauti-	at Bacon's Hardware.
Played the worst ball they could	doement hest to remove from our ranks	Babcock and family; Miss Ella Bar-	ful little book, well bound and nice-	zneon s Ha.uwait.
was impossible to get the girls	comrade Sidney; D. Harrington, Resolved That in his death we lose a	ber ; Mr. J. K. Yocum and family ;	ly illustrated.	If you want anything in crockery
beat them. The spectators cheat	and and a full ful officer but	De Show and family . Mr. L. Tiche.		or glassware, come to the

out of a good ball game, got their deeply as we deplore his loss, we honorab-oney's worth by shouting derisive we tender to his widow our hearitelt sym-we tender to his widow our hearitelt sym-dricks and wife; and Mr. W. W. Hen-dricks and wife; and Mr. W. W. Hen-per pair. Housekeepers' Bazaar. Housekeepers' Bazaar. Flavoring extracts, best in the the rather immed. The costumes pathy in this hour of deep affliction. or less time at Cavenaugh Lake the market and at low prices. The State Teachers' Institute for Housekeepers' Bazaar. ere rather immodest and altogether whole affair was decidely "off-col-furnished THE CHELSEA HERALD for puspast week. Mr. Tichenor has his Washtenaw county, will be held at e whole affair was decidely "off-colsafe, clean, commodious boats ready See the bread raiser, at Ypsilanti, commencing August 17, J. A. PALMER, J. D. SCHNAITMAN, G. J. CROWELL. to man living knows what the ication. for all who wish to use them. Bacon's Hardware. and closing August 21. Com. or was -- Register. July 22, 1885.

# TO CORRESPONDENTS.

ters and figures plain to have the late

# AROUND A GREAT STATE.

## Poiscnous Chrese.

At the meeting of the state board of health July 14. Dr. Vaughan presented a report of his nvestigations on poisonous cheese. It is well known that cases of sovere filness follow the sting of some cheese. Such instances are of requent occurrence in the North German sountries and in the United States. In Engand they are less frequently observed; while in France, whire much cheese is made and mton, these cases are said to occur very rare ty. A few years ago the reputation of a large these factory in Northern Ohio was destroyed by the great number of cases of alarming illaces arising from eating its cheese. Dairymen

KINDS OF CHEESE THAT ARE POISONOUS.

A German author says: "The numerous tinds of soft cheese, prepared in small famijes, or on small farms, are generally the cause of the symptoms; while it is quite exceptional to heat of symptoms arising from the use of sheet prepared in large quantities." Some two years ago a family in Alpena, Mich., was poisoned by tating of cottage cheese; but the theese that po soned so many in this state last rear was made at one of the largest factories in the state and by a thoroughly experienced theese maker. The old foul-smelling cheese, such as Limburger and Schweitzer, have never been known to be polsonous.

EFFECTS OF THE CHEESE.

The symptoms produced by "sick" cheese, as reported by German and American physicians, agree quite closely and are as fol-iows: Dryness of the mouth and throat with a sense of constriction, nausea, vomiting, diarrhœa, headache, sometimes double vision, and marked nervous prostration. In rare in-stances the sufferer dies from collapse. As a rule recovery occurs in a few hours, or at most after a few days. The symptoms of cheesepo son'ng and those of sausage, canned meats and fish-poisoning are very similar, though leath results more frequently from the others mentioned than from cheese-poisoning.

HOW TO RECOGNIZE POISONOUS CHEESE.

There is no certain means aside from a chemical examination by which a poisonous sheese can be distinguished from a wholesome one. The most reliable ready method is probably that proposed by D. Vaughan a year ago, and it is as follows: Press a small strip of blue htmus paper (which can be obtained at any drug store) against a f eshly cut surface of the cheese; if the paper is red lened instant-ly and intensel/ the cheese may be regarded with suspicion. When treated in this way any green cheese will redden the litmus paper, but ordinarily the reddening will be produced slowly and will be slight. If the place of cheese be dry a small bit should be rubbed up with an equal volume of water, and the paper should then dipped in the water. Dr. Vaughan does not regard the above test as free from error, but as the most reliable ready means now known. Every grocery man should apply this test to each fresh cheese which he cuts.

marks of respect that are due to the memory if this great hero. The capitol at Lansing will at once be ap

The capitol at Lansing will at one offices, so propriately draped and all the state offices, so far as practicable, will be closed on the day of the funeral.

the funeral. I sincerely hope that all citizens will, at their respective homes and places of business, dis-play appropriate emblems of mourning, and that all business will be suspended during the hours of the funeral.

Let us all show a proper regard for the man who, by his great ability and fidelity to his country, carried us safely through the flery ordeal of war. Let us all remember and reverence the im

nortal name of Ulysses S. Grant. By the governor, RUSSELL A. H. A. CONANT, Secretary of State. RUSSELL A. ALGER.

The following dispatch was sent to Mrs. Grant by Gov. Alger:

EXECUTIVE OFFICE. DETROIT, Mich., July 23, 1885. MT DEAR MADAM—The people of Michigan with one voice unite with you and your family in mourning the loss of your distinguished husband and the soldiers's idol.

Permit me to add my personal heartfelt sympathy for the loss of my old beloved com-

RUSSELL A. ALGER. Mrs. U. S. Grant, Mount McGregor.

# THE STRIKE.

## "Called Back."

There is no marked change in the situation in the Saginaw Valley. While a few mills are running on the 10-hour plan, the majority of the mills are silent, and the employers still determined. The mill owners, too, refuse to make any concessons, although to a close observer there is a manifest desire on the part of

the leaders to settle. The objectionable Pinkerton men have been releived from a duty, for which they never were needed. The state troops, however, with their well-fitting suits and brightly polished their well-fitting suits and brightly polished arms, are still on duty, and seem to be enjoying the situation immensely, save a few who fear losing the more profitable sit-uation which they were called upon to leave in order to "protect" the property of the millowners.

In all probability the matter will be settled by compromise within a few days. Meetings are held every day, and to this fact, no doubt, is due the prolonged strike. If the inflammatory speeches could be done away, the opinion is universal that the rupture could be easily healed, and work at once resumed. Represen-tative Barry still continues to a lvise the men to hold out.

In compliance with many requests Gov. Alger telegraphed on the afternoon of the 20th ordering the withdrawal of the troops from Bay City.

#### HAPPILY ADJUSTED.

An amicable arrangement has been made between F. E. Bradley & Co. of Bay City and employes, by which the mill started with terms satisfactory to both sides.

# The Luxury of Strikes.

The maintenance of the state troops involves an enormous expense upon Saginaw and Bay counties. The daily expenses can only be approximately estimated, but according to Adjutant Sperry, of the third regiment, they are about as follows: One colonel, 12 per day; 1 lieutenant colonel, \$10; 1 major, \$8; 2 ad-jutant and quartermaster, \$6.50 each; 5 cap-tains, \$26.25; 5 first lieutentants, \$20; 5 second lieutenants, \$18.75; 5 first sergeants, second lieutenants, \$18.75; 5 nrst sergeants, \$12.50; 20 other sergeants, \$45. The officers' pay thus amounts to \$165.50 daily. The privates receive \$2 per pay each, \$440. The subsistence is \$242. This gives a total of \$847.50 daily. To this must be added the ex-pense for tugs for conveying soldiers to and from the waterworks, rent of armories, repairs and incidentals which brings the expense to and incidentals, which brings the expense to. about \$1,000 per day. Two companies were on duty nine days and three companies seven days at an expense of between \$5,000 and \$10,-000. In Bay county there were about two-thirds the number of men, but as much of the expense was necessarily incurred anyway, the cost thus far to that county will not fall much below \$5,000. The transportation, it is estimated, will bring the total cost of the troops to about \$18,00. By the amended law, the auditor general pays this sum out of the general fund and charges it back to the counties to be collected as a tax.

# MINOR STATE HAPPENINGS.

**Batile Creek wants letter carriers.** 

The Oscoda village board has decided to erect a jail at once.

Louis Thompson.a young lad of Jackson, was drowned while bathing.

Ohio state troops will camp at Belle Isle near Detroit in August.

Five students of the agricultural college have been expelled for having.

Maj. W. W. Van Antwerp has been appoint" ed postmaster at Jackson.

Mickson G. Cobb, a 74-year old ploneer of. Pontiac township, is dead.

Thirty commission houses in Kalamazoo are engaged in the sale of celery.

Charlevoix is to have a new flouring mill with a capacity of 100 barrels per day.

The movement toward lifting the debt from Kalamazoo college is succeeding admirably.

Martin Turner, prominently identified with the history of Kalamazoo since 1833, is dead.

Hon. Theodore Romeyn, for over 40 years the recognized leader of the Detroit bar, is

The output of the Holyoke silver mine, in the Ishpeming district, is said to have assaved \$5,000 a ta

The balance of Adrian's unexpended 4th of July fund, \$230, has been donated to company B, first regiment.

Thomas Foley of Maple Rapids, charged with the murder of his infant children, has been held for trial at the circuit.

Mrs. Erichsen, a well-known Detroit lady, died a few days ago. Her body was cremated at the crematorium at Lancaster, Penn.

George Haire, a former resident of Lenox, Macomo county, but latterly a ranchman in Texas, was drowned near Colorado City, Tex., last week.

Gov. Alger has presented to the town of Alger an entire block of ground, on which the school board will erect a building for school purposes.

Three railways, the Toledo & Ann Arbor, the Chicago & West Michigan and the Flint & Pere Marouette, talk of reaching up into Antrim county.

Louis Reaume, who caused such a reign of terror in Chicago recently, and killed an officer in that city, has been declared insane, and sent to his relatives in Micigan.

The 400 specimens of Michigan timbers which were sent to the New Orleans exposition have been returned and will be placed in the museum at the agricultural college.

Dyer Dunning, a prominent citizen of Milton township, Cass county, was killed by a piece of timber striking him on the head, while assisting a neighbor in raising a barn.

It is claimed that the vein recently struck in the Calumet & Hecla mine will be a virtual renewal of the lease of life of that famous miner The new vein shows up well with the native metal.

An injunction has been granted restraining Morgan Christopher of Delta from intercepting trains of the Detroit, Lansing & Northwest train passing through his farm. This is the result of the railroad trouble about two years ago.

Sir Garnet Wolseley, in complimenting Australian troops in the Soudan lately, paid special attention to the Jackson. Mich. wagons, by which the equipment was transported. They were specially made for this service.

Dr. L. P. Bingham, to save it from execution on the defaulter's band. The doctor continued to hold possession until his death, when it was discovered that no provision had been made for Kinsley, who brought suit to recover his

The board of control of the Peninsular school of Mines has decided to locate the school at Houghton. A committee has been appointed to arrange with the authorities of ligoughton for the US+ of rooms in the city fire engine house and hall for the first two years. The people of Houghton are anxious to have the school and will be willing to furnish rooms for it. J. N. Wright of Red Jacket, was chosen president, J. L. Chadburn of Houghton, sec-retary, and Allen Kane of Houghton, treas-urer.

Hereafter all merchants establishing them selves in business in Ishpeming will have to selves in business in Ishpeming will have to pay \$250 into the city treasury, the same to be applied on taxes if they remain permanently, and to be forfeited to the city if they leave be-fore the end of the first year. This was done on account of the Hutchinson jewelry firm, which was refused a license, and commenced business by paying the \$50 before required as a guarantee of all commencing business. It is expected by the new ordinance to keep out all outside merchants.

Jacob Swiley of Whiteford township, Monrecounty, was killed by a reaper recently. He was cutting wheat and his team became restive. Mr. Swiley jumped from the machine and endeavored to gulet the horses. The ani-mal whose bridle Mr. Swiley was holding reared and threw him to the ground, when the machine passed over his prostrate form, smash-ing his head and tearing his body frightfully. The victim's grandson ran to Mr. Swiley's as-sistance, and he received an ugly wound in his side, which may prove fatal.

A heavy storm prevailed in Kalamazoo county on the 19th. A large tree was shivered near the asylum in Kalamazoo, and a hickory tree struck near the house of Myron Latta of Oshtemo. Mr. Latta and wife were rendered unconscious. At Grand Junction lightning entered the chimney of Mr. Stout's house, hit the stove, glanced off and struck Mrs. Stout on the knees, burning her limbs badly and her stockings and shoes entirely off her feet. Herself and husband were rendered unconscious. Mr. Beach's barn, south of Bloomingdale, was struck, and with its contents destroyed.

# DETROIT MARKETS.

23	Datavit minuter.
	Wheat—No. 1 white\$ 97% @ 981   Wheat—No. 2 red1 00 @ 1 003   Four, rolier process
	Corn
	Rye per 100
Contraction of the local distribution of the	Clover Seed 2 bu
NAME AND ADDRESS OF	Apples per bbl
Contraction of the local division of the loc	Eggs 11 @ 12 Cnickens 8 @ 9
	Turkeys
3	Onions 2 bu
	Beans, picked
	Straw 6.00 @ 7.00

down to the ford a few minutes later. In the second wagon were Mr. and Mra. Koots and Mr. Jay Carman. They drove into the stream and were swept down also. Only Anson Ca-man was rescued alive.

# A PLUCKY WARDEN.

A PLUCKY WARDEN, For several days there has been series trouble in the Brooklyn penitentiary, which culminated in a plot by several convicts to kill the warden. Learning of this the warden, with eight assistants armed with revolven, went into the ward. The cells are so arranged that to open one, all must be opened. Station ing an officer at each cell, with an order to shoot the first convict who left his cell, the warden took the ringleader of the revolt and gave him 15 lashes on the bare back. This promptness on the part of the warden effectual. Iv quelled the revolt.

# A BETRAYER'S FATE.

A BETRAYER'S PATE. Ida Kimball, aged 15, the beautiful and ac-complished daughter of Hiram Kimball, the banker of Bedford, Ia., shot and killed T. M. Giles. Miss Kimball called on Giles at his music store and after a few moments conversa-tion-suddenly drew a revolver from her dress and fired two shots into his head. Giles did within an hour. After the shooting the gir walked swiftly to her home. She told her mother that Giles had betrayed her two years before and that she could bear it no longer. On hearing her daughter's confession Me On hearing her daughter's confession Mrs. Kimball fell insensible and has remained un-conscious ever since. Mr. Kimball is nearly crazy with grief, but the girl remains apparently free from any deep emotion. She has not been ar-rested. Giles' wife is completely prostrated by the blow. by the blow.

# GRANT'S RESTING PLACE.

Central Park, New York city, has been chosen as the burial place for Gen. Grant and Mrs. Grant. Mr. W. J. Arkell has arranged Mrs. Grant. Mr. W. J. Arkell has arranged the following time table for the removal of the remains from Mt. McGregor: Tuesday, Aug. 4, leave Mt. McGregor at 1 p. m.; leave Sara-toga 2:30 p. m.; arrive in Albany 4:30 p. m.; leave Albany at 12 o'clock noon, Wednesday, August 5, and arrive about 4:30 p. m. in New York. In the interval from 4:30 p. m. Tues-day to noon of Wednesday, August 5 there day to noon of Wednesday, August 5, the re-mains will lie in state at the Capitol, and from the time of arrival in New York on Wednesday afternoon until Saturday, Aug. 8, the boly will lie in state at the city hall. The public obsequies will take place on Saturday at such time as the civic authorities may arrange, and the interment will then follow in Central, Park.

# OUSTING THE WHITES.

After mature consideration, the President and his Cabinet have reached the conclusion that the leases of lands in Indian Territory held by cattlemen are invalid and it has been determined to take steps to have them set aside. Gen. Sheridan has reported that no permanent settlement of the Indian troubles in the Territory can be affected while the cattlemen are in possession of the best lands and it is the intention of the President to remove the disturbing element and reserve Indian Territory for the exclusive occupation of the Indians. The the exclusive occupation of the Indians. The method of procedure has not yet been deter-mined. A Presidential proclamation may be issued, but it is regarded by well in ormed per-sons as more probable that actions will be be-gun in the United States courts of the Western Division of Kansas having jurisdiction over the Territory looking to a declaration of the invalidity of the leases.

### AN OLD-TIME "OBSERVER" GONE.

The deoth of the reddening of the paper may be compared with that produced by cheese which is known to be wholesome.

#### NATURE OF THE POISON.

Dr. Vaughan has succeeded in isolating the poison, to which he has given the name tyro-toxicon (from two Greek words which mean cheese and poison). It is a product of slight putrefaction in the cheese which probably occurs in the vat, as the curd has been known to poison a person. By this slight putrefaction, or excessive fermentation, as it may be called, a large amount of butyric acid is formed, and this in the presence of the casein of the cheese is capable of developing a poison. Different samples of poisonous cheese contain different amounts of poison. The same weight of cheese from one cake furnished three times as much po'son as that from another cake. The poison was obtained in long, needle-shaped crystals which are freely soluble in water, chloroform alcohol and ether. The smallest visible frag-men of a crystal placed upon the end of the tongue causes a sharp stinging pain at the point of application, and in a few minutes dryness and constriction of the throat. A slightly larger amount produced nausea, vom-iting and diarrhea. The poison is volatile at the temperature of boiling water, and for this reason even poisonous cheese may be eaten with impunity after being cooked. The substance has also a marked, pungent odor, and through the nose one can obtain sufficient of the volatile po son to produce dryness of the throat. This is true, however, only of the isolated poison. In the cheese the taste and odor of the poison are both modified to such an extent that they would not be recognized, as has already been stated.

# Mill Owners' Ultimatum.

A j int conference of mll owners from Bay City, West Bay City, Saginaw and East Saginaw was held in East Saginaw on the 23rd. Of the eighty-eight mills on the river seventy were represented either by the owners or by proxy. A committee of four, which had been appointed for the purpose, submitted the following, which was unanimously adopted :

As efforts are being constantly made by designing men to convey the impression to the employes that it is the intention of the mill owners to soon start their mills and salt works on various plans as to hours of running and the scale of wages, and believing that many employes are deluded by these false promises, now therefore, that the position of the mill owners may be fully understood we make the following statement and pledge:

First-The wages which prevailed in the various mills and salt works at the time the men were compelled to quit work, were fully as high, and n some cases higher than the employers could afford to pay without actual pe-cuniary loss; the wages being higher than the average paid for that class of labor throughout the United States, the same being \$1 70 per day.

Second-No complaint has been made by the employes as to the hours of labor for the past ten years. Some of the mill owners last spring offered to run their mills on ten hours' time with a proportionate pay, which offer was rejected by their employes.

Third-In view of the fact that the wages paid were as h gh as we could afford to pay and the hours for labor satisfactory to our employes until interference by professional agi-tators, therefore we hereby determine not to start our mills and salt works until the men are willing to return to work on the same basis as they w re when the works were shut down by an armed mob.

## Michigan to the Front.

Special crop reports from all the winter and spring wheat growing states to the American Rural Home of Rochester, N. Y., state that in the northwest the winter wheat situation is generally considered favorable, but Michigan alone raises a crop equal to that of 1884. In southern Illinois, Ohio, Missouri, Kausas, Tennessee and Kentucky there has been no improvement in the past 30 days. In the latter two states the millers are buying old wheat to start up their mills. The spring wheat prospects indicate an average crop if the hot sun does not scorch it. The grass crop of the northwest will not equal that of 1834. Oats stand bountifully. Corn shows great improvement, having made a great gain in the last 14 days.

# A Sensible Plan.

A meeting of Bay City merchants was held in the common council chamber, the other afternoon, when about twenty-five representative business men were present. The strike question was discussed and it was decided to appoint a committee of five to act as a mediator and meet s milar committees from the mili owners and operatives. As such committee the following gentlemen were appointed: C. R. Hawley, dry goods; Charles Supe, whole-sale grocer; J. B. Cambpell, grocer; C. L. Lov-ell, dry goods, and E. T. Holcomb. hardware.

A resolution was passed that it was the sense of the meeting that reasonable conessions should be made by both parties that may suceced in bringing about an amicable and speedy settlement of the present difficulties.

## A Snake Story.

Frank Joslin, while clearing on the farm o D. Barwise, about ten miles north of Roya Oak, heard a rattle, which he thought was from locusts. In a moment a huge rattlesnake had buried its fangs deep into the back of his left hand. Joslin pulled the reptile off, tore his shirt into cords, walch he tied tightly bround his arm, and then ran three-quarters of a mile to Mr. Barwise's house, drank all the whisky in the house, fastened the mouth of a bottle of hot water over the wound and started for a doctor. The doctor said his prompt action saved his life. The snake was 15 inches long, 2 inches through, was 15 years old and had 12 rattles.

# Toggery for the Boys.

Contracts for furnishing uniforms for the state militla have been ordered as follows: W.

D. G. H. & M., surveyors are looking over the line of a proposed cut-off from Coopersville to Muskegon, a distance of 20 miles. At present Muskeon has to be reached in a roundabout way from Coopersville, via Grand Haven.

At Grand Rapids another section will be add-ed to the soldiers' monument. It will be eight feet high and inscribed: "In honor of the soldiers and sailors of Kent county, 1861-65." This will increase the height of the monument to thirty-three feet.

The board of inspectors of the Jackson pris-on, in company with Warden Hatch, have gone-to Joliet, Iil., and Michigan City, Ind., to look at the prisons located there and get some ideas on the location of the new boilers about to be placed in the state prison.

Daniel Root of Hudson produced 6,000 pounds of early amber sugar cane on 40 acres of land and has applied for the state bounty of two cents per pound under the act of 1881. Mr. Root thinks his product would have reached 50,000 pounds had the weather been favorable.

The gold seekers of the upper peninsula will devote a large part of their attention to the Holyoke silver lead range this summer. Some remarkable discoveries are reported from that region. A chemist in Isbpeming assayed a speci-men last week which ran over \$6,000 to the ton

The board of directors of Battle Creek college have decided to organize a manual tra ning school department to be operated in connection with the regular branches of the college course. Several machines have been placed in position already, and more will be added.

The state encampment of the knights temp-lar of Michigan will not be held at Grand Rapids at the time of the reunion of the army of the Cumberland, as has been announced. The exact dates have not been fixed, but it is sup-posed the knights will gather during the last week in August.

The body of a 5-year-old boy named Wm. Rumm was found in the boom of F. E. Bradley & Co.'s saw mill in Bay City at a point where his hat was discovered. The little fellow had been missing since the evening before. It is supposed he had gone to the river to bathe, when he fell in and was drowned.

Henry Zeitler of Mere lith, where he was in the employ of the Field lumber company as beokkeeper, was found dead in bed at the Sher-man house in East Saginaw the other after noon. He had been ailing some time, but it i thought death was hastened by a partial sun stroke. He was 35 years of age and unmarried

The Wexford county committee has con-tracted with J. W. Cobbs, of Cobbs & Mitchell, to creet a jail in Cadillac and to rent it to the county for 10 years ot a rental of \$750 per year. The county reserves the right to purchase the building at any time after the first year, the rent already paid to apply on the purchase 2.2 30.04

Kingery & Marble's grist mill in Buchanan was burned a few days since entailing a loss of \$5,000 or \$6,000, with no insurance. The fire caught from burning rubbish and was the work of carelessness. Several adjacent buildings took fire, but through the heroic efforts of the department and citizens the flames were pre-

Jas. A. Dyer, a pioneer of Jackson county, is dead, aged 73 years. Mr. Dyer came to Jackson fifty years ago. He was the first merchant in Jackson. He was elected Sherili in 1840, appointed Postmaster in 1843 and served four years. In 1863 he was elected Justice of the Peace and served sixteen years He was the first man made a Mason in Jackson county.

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Wood, Beech and Maple 5 75	@ 6 00
Wood Maple 6 25	@ 6 50
Wood Hickory 6 75	@ 1 00

LIVE STOCK. CATTLE-Best firm; common, 10c off; shiping steers, \$5 50(a6) 5; stockers and feeders slow at \$2 75 @4 40; through Texas cattle 10c lower at \$4@4 20.

Hogs-Steady and firm; rough and mixed. \$4@4 30; packing and shipping, \$4 25@4 50; light weights, 130 to 175 lbs, \$4 2 @4 50. SHEEP-Steady; natives, \$3 75(d) 80.

# THE COUNTRY AT LARGE.

## MUST GO.

The president has issued a proclamation ordering all cattlemen to vacate the Cheyenne and Arapahoe Indian reservation in Indian territory within 40 days.

#### A TRANSFER.

After a cabinet consultation and in accordance with the advice of Gen. Sheridan the secretary of the interior has decided to turn over to the war department the complete control of the Cheyenne and Arapahoe reservation in the Indian territory.

# IT'S EMBEZZLEMENT.

The attorney of the postoffice department has rendered an opinion that a postmaster who uses postal funds for his own benefit, intending to return them when the time for deposit arrives, is guilty of embezzlement. These funds must not be touched for private use.

# AN INSANE ACTOR.

The commission appointed to inquire into the mental condition of McCullough, the actor, report as follows: "That the said John Mc-Cullough is, at the time of the taking of his inquisition, a lunatic and has been so for the space of six months past, but enjoys some lucid intervals, yet by reason of his said lunacy is incapable of managing his person or estate."

# ROACH'S RUIN.

John Roach, the well-known ship builder, has made an assignment. The liabilities are not known, but are well up in the millions. The failure is said to be due to the decision of the attorney-general on the Dolphin matter. The particularly unpleasant feature of this failure is the throwing out of employment of about 3,000 men at a time when business is dull.

# ENROLLMENT OF INDIANS.

A late enrollment of the Cheyenne and Arapahoe Indians shows a falling off since last census in 1874 of 2,498 peop c. The-Cheyennes then numbered 3,005 and Arapahoes 2,300, while the present count stows the form-er to have only 2,369 and the latter 1,500, or a total of 3,409. By this count the government will gain annually \$90,000 in issuance of beef.

# MULLETT PROTESTS.

MULLETT PROTESTS. H. B. Mullett, formerly supervising architect of the treasury, has written a vigorous protest against employing convict labor in government buildings, which has been laid before Secretary Manning. He says the unwritten law and general custom forbid the degrading of honest labor by such a course, and that the depart-ment had a perfect right to reject the Joliet and all bids.

# ROACH'S RECEIPTS.

The Washington Post says the following

The Rev. Samuel Irenaeus Prime, D. D., editor of the New York Observer, for the past 45 years, died at Manchester, Vt., a few days ago aged 73 years. Dr. Prime was attacked by paraly-sis last Sunday and since then he has been steadly sinking. He was born at Ballston, N. Y.,1812. graduted at Williams college when 17 and immediately began his studies for the ministry at Princeton, entering the ministry of the Presbyterian church. He preached for several years, but in 1840 gave up the ministry to be-come editor of the New York Observer, in which he has written as "Irenacus." He has written upwards of 40 books. He was made a D D by Henryder Stidner or He D. D. by Hampden Sidney college, Va. He comes of a brilliant family, his brother Edward D. Griffin Prime, being associate ed tor of the Observer, while another brother, Wm. Cooper Prime, was for many years editor of the New York Journal of Commerce.

## DIED AT HIS POST.

An express train running between Atlantic City and Philadelphia ran through an open switch at Frankville and struck a lumber car. The Pullman ear which was next to the engine, turned around, its hind trucks being left on the track. Its occupants were badly shaken but none seriously hurt. The passengers of the smoking car were compelled to elimbout of the window. The rest of the train remain-ed on the track. Geo. Murphy, engineer, had ample time to jump and save his life, but he bravely remained at his post, put on the air braker reversed and three open the throttle. braker reversed, and threw open the throttle. The engine crashed into the lumber car and with the tender turned completely over bury-ing Murphy under it. Murphy died in a few moments after the accident. There were about 150 passengers on the train, who say their lives were saved by the bravery of the engineer. A rigid investigation will be made to asertain the responsibility for the misplaced switch.

# A LIFE FOR A LIFE.

The huge elephant Albert, belonging to the Barnum show, killed his keeper, James B. McCormick at Keene, N. H., a few days ago. During the afternoon performance James S. Hutchinson, one of the managers, announced that as the elephant had taken human life it would have to be shot. He re-quested any member of the Keene Light Guard quested any member of the Keene Light Guard who were present to report to their captain at the door of the museum canvas. At 4:30 p. m. the elephant, escorted by two keepers and 33 riflemen and nearly all the members of the show, was taken down a deep ravine and securely chained to several large trees. Geo. Arstingstali, the trainer, drew a chalk line around the animal's heart and one around the brain as targets for the abarphoot Ts. The brain, as targets for the sharpshooters. The huge brute trumpeted most piteously. At a given signal the soldiers fired, and the elephant fell dead in his chains without a struggle. He s next in size to Jumbo, and was valued at \$10,000.

# FOREIGN NEWS.

#### A DEAD MAHDI.

The report of the death of El Mahdi has been confirmed.

SAME AS BUDDENSIEK.

Forty-five persons are reported killed by the. fall of a row of tenement houses in Cologne.

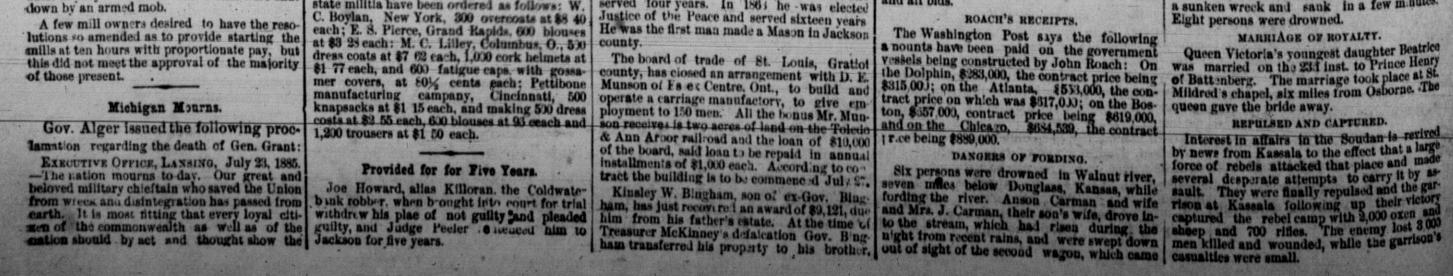
ITALIAN LIGHTNING. There has been a terrific storm at Torre Cajetani, in Italy. Thirteen persons were kill-ed and twenty-two injured by lightning.

#### DROWNED.

A life-boat which put out from London to rescue the crew of a stranded vessel ran upon a sunken wreck and sank in a few mautes. Eight persons were drowned.

#### MARRIAGE OF ROYALTY.

Queen Victoria's youngest daughter Beatrice



# & FOREST HYMN.

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In such an hour I love to stray From baunts of toiling men away, 'Mid forest depths profound; There, in a bl ss of sol tude,

Whe e no duil cares of earth intrude, And Nature breathes sweet quietude-The grand old trees around-

The heart by daily estes oppressed, The wear ed spirt findeth test, As, pillowed on the sod, With nought above but leaf and sky, And loving look of Heavenly Eye, Perchance with angels hoverlug nigh, I dream of Nature's God. -Edward N. Richards, in The Current.

# A CHINAMAN OUTWITTED.

"Look at that fellow, Ralph," said Charles Powell, designating with his inger a slim Malay, who stood a little aloof from the gang of noisy laborers crowding the pier at Batavia. "Did you ever see a thinner specimen? Looks as though it had been some time since he had even heard the mention of lood."

Charles Powell, a young New Yorker, and his friend Ralph Somers, an Englishman; had, just the day before, met in Batavia, the former being on his way to Hong Kong, while the latter, after a two yers' service in China, was returning to England on leave of absence.

The Malay in question fully qualified by his appearance the remarks of the young American. He was a thin, spare man, half-clad, and with a turban wound around his crisp, black hair.

stood for a moment gazing lay. He moodily into the water, and then, as if understanding the jocular remarks of the young man, he turned toward now, and the remainder when you him with a look upon his face half- convince me that the man is dead." him with a look upon his face halfsneer, half-frown, and the next instant sprang from the pier and disappeared beneath the surface of the muddy water.

In an instant Ralph cast, aside his coat and sprang after him, and in two minutes the man lay upon the wharf. At first he preserved a dogged silence when questioned by his rescuer.

"Come, come, now! Brace up, coolie! I say, now, don't get so dreadfully hipped, man," said Ralph. He finally confessed that it was pov-

story! A pair of willing hands, but had been for years, he believed that he of the Batavian merchant,

I was to see him here-for if that is not he, I will eat my hat! But come, him. I must get rid of these wet clothes, and we'll take a turn through the Botanigal Garden."

No soouer had Ralph disappeared than the Chinaman followed him, Keeping well out of sight of the young men, he satisfied himself where that his share in the murder was they were stopping, and then made known. all possible haste toward the Malay His c portion of the city.

Threading his way through one of the narrowest streets, he finally paused before a wretched hovel; then abruptly pushing back the mat which did duty for a door, he, without further ceremony, entered this house.

A man arose from a corner of the room and advanced toward him, with a threatening glance, as if to question this rude entrance.

"Quiet yourself, Nablar," said Chan Fong. "I mean you no harm."

"She shall not be troubled," said the Malay, huskily, pointing to the corner, where, upon s mat, lay his sick wife.

"She shall not be troubled," echoed the Chinaman. "I come to give you money. Nablar not to demand it. You shall be well paid. You shall get enough bright silver dollars to place yourself and her forever beyond want. Can I trust you enough to explain what I wish of you?"

"The Malay's eyes glistened. He knew that "what was wanted of him" was some rascally enterprise.

"Tell me," he said, briefly.

"A man has injured me and you must kill him! "That," pointing to the long, wavy Malay knife which Nablar wore in his girdle, "will be sufficient."

"The money?" demanded the Ma-

"I will give you five hundred Mexican dollars," said Chan Fong--"half

As he spoke he produced frcm his voluminous gown two rolls of silver, which he placed in the bewildered Malay's hand.

"In ten minutes I will return." said he, "and will then be able to tell you where to find your man."

Chan Fong disappeared, leaving the Malay doubting whether he was awake or not. Nablar touched the rolls of money. This was real. Opening one of the rolls, he allowed the bright silver to glide from one hand to anerty that had led him to an attempt to other. He thought little of the crime take his own life. It was the old to be committed. Hard as his life

· Malay running at full speed toward

Fearing for his own life, he fled, and made his way as best he could to the ity. A search was instituted, but no trace of the body could be found.

That evening, Chang Fong received an anonymous letter, informing him

that he had been overheard.

and Nablar would be brought to justice.

At dusk a steamer was to leave for Bombay, and Powell, having concealed himself on board, kept a close watch upon the embarking passengers.

As he had expected, one of the tirst to step on board was Chang Fong, quite plainly dressed, and booked for Bombay.

No sooner had the steamer left the harbor than Powell announced to the captain the crime for which the Celestial was wanted.

The captain, advancing to that part of the vessel where the Chinaman sat, in quired his name.

"Ah Ming!" coolly replied the many named individual.

No attempt was made to control his movements until the steamer was nearing the port of Bombay, when a private signal from the masthead announced to the authorities that two police officers were wanted.

Before the vessel had yet anchored, a boat came alongside, and two policemen stepped on board.

"Arrest that, map!" said - Powell, showing himself for the first time to the astonished Chinaman.

Yung Faa, alias Chan Fong, alias Ah Ming, made an attempt to leap into one of the numerous small boats that were now surrounding the steamhim, and soon, securely handcuffed, Bombay.

Two weeks later Powell with his prisoner. appeared in Hong Kong. The first man who met them upon their landing was Ralph Somers.

"You!" gasped the Chinaman. "Yes, me!" responded Ralph, ungrammatically-"and also you, I perceive," he added, coolly.

Again in Hong Kong, Yung Faa was speedily brought to justice and the firm of Gilbert & Mason were repaid their losses by the sale of the property

Nablar was not forgotten, and is cameo fidelity and beauty. Or a chapnow the proud possessor of a hand- ter filled with life and color is voted any day be seen, shouting as vociferously for a "fare" as any of the hundred hack-drivers of Batavia. Ralph Somers visited England after all a little later, but with a handsome reward from Gilbert & Mason for consenting to be a dead man for awhile, and very proud of having been the means of outwitting a Chinaman.

# On Reading Fiction.

The povelist contends against ob-stacles with which most literary producers do not concern themselves. Rush into print in any form, philosophic, scientific, polemic, poetic, with or without aim and intention, and your whole dear public sets itself about, groping among your words for your "purpose." It reads between His conversation with Nablar was lines for your ideas when your lines repeated, sufficiently to convince him | do not clearly express ideas; goes contentedy into prosy passages because Chan Fong was warned that both he they relate to the subject in hand, and/ risks a broken neck in rising to the realms of poesy upon the lamest Pegasus. But the story-writer commands no such attention. Immediately the dear public comes to fiction, it drops from an appreciative attitude toward the writer's work, and in judgmeat on the merits of the tale only prejudice and personal taste. The novelist does not appeal to a fairminded jury. Nearly everyone endeavors, to a greater or less extent, either to bring the story into his own atmosphere and experience, or regards it as a bit of gossip or a web of dreamlife spun to amuse an idle hour. The most grievous wrong done 'the poor author however, is this tendency to judge of the truth of fictitious characterization only as it agrees with life as seen or imagined by the reader. The novel written from a high-church standpoint finds no low-church admirers. The cynic scoffs in public at Brown's last romance, because it is an idyllie love story, and the public goes its way firmly convinced that Brown's forte is blacksmithing.

We are too superficial in our criticisms. We are not just. We do not go deep enough into the novel-writer's motives. Nearly all the stories printed to-day have in them an attempt at something beyond the mere telling of a tale with trappings of scenery and puppets to bear out the illusion. But er, but the officers were too quick for we do not examine this scenery to know if it is real, nor stick pins into he was transferred to the prison at these puppets to learn if they are merely stuffed dolls to play upon our fancy. In this we do ourselves an injustice, both losing the fine flavor of a good novel and failing to penetrate the tinsel and stage effects of a poor one, in much the same way as a befuddled drinker swallows Ve. Cliquot and champagne cider with the same approval. Then, too, in order to catch a page or two of "conversation" or "action" that is valued only as it carries forward the plot, we are prone to run hastily over descriptive writing that paints a vivid bit of lanscape with

bringing of siums to our notice. We say it will have a bad moral effect and is unpleasant reading, and commonplace life and people, such as we meet in our own streets and houses, are called unattractive because we already know them. Truly, the novelist salls between a Scylls and Charybdis in his search for public approval.

For how many years have we been looking for the appearance of a fabled something, traditions of which have come down to us. This something which the critics have already analyzed and set bounds to and named the Great American Novel, has not yet materialized. Many times have we been startled by the proclamation that it hes appeared, but disappointment. always follows hard after the announcement. And, judging by the taste and discrimination shown in our owa present reading of fiction, when this Great American Novel, which is to overshadow all other home products, does come, we will not know it, but will leave to some future genera-tion the task of discovering it. Not until there is a more general appreciation of the American novel as it is can a story appear which will be ac-cepted as bearing the enduring imprints of our times and our people.

The novel is not rated at its true value. It is not properly read. We don't distinguish clearly enough between what is good and what is bad. I do not wish to be understood as asserting that we cannot discriminate between immoral and pernicious fiction and that which is proper and wholesome. The distinction I wish to clearly set fort does not intrench on this division. The merit of a novel does not depend on the class to which it belongs. Whether light or heavy. sombre or humorous, melo-dramatic or analytic, it may have positive merit, and that merit can be decided by a single rule. Truth is the one law by which we can judge fairly of the value of a novel. It is not meant that the story must be founded in fact and told with conscientious attention to sober detail, but it is meant that the genuisely-good novel holds a mirror up to Nature; that, in its setting, it truly pictures the scene wherein its characters act; that its Ladies Vere de Vere are the ladies they represent, and its lovers and murderers and fools are, indeed, lovers and murderers and fools to the end of the chapter inthought and word and action. The wildest and most sensational romance might be a good novel, and to our sorrow we know that some of the most ambitiously-conceived and loudestperalded works are not good novels. Many of our recent stories can be called to mind as instances of the fact that, in this particular, fidelity to truth hes the secret of their merit. Let any of us carry this theory into his reading and try the author and his work by it. The result will be a firmer grasp on whatever beauty may exist in scenery, character and motion, and a finer and more critical discrimination. against unworthy pretensions. The reader will not find an ideal in the novel realistic, sentimental, analytic or romantic, but will reach by an impartial and catholic judgment a correct estimate of the story in hand, and will gain the full measure of any pleasure there may be in it to whatever class of fiction it may belong. There is no occason to say that the novel of to-day must be built after a certain plan to be acceptable to the canons of taste. The right of criticism must be grounded in a broader theory than this. By its genuineness. alone can the novel be proved. "Fiction hath in it a higher end thanfact," and to accomplish this end it. must employ the full potency of fact, so molded as to suit its own unities. The critics say we have no good fic-tion now, but in spite of this edict. thoroughly good novels are being written and printed, and all we need is better reading to-have still better writing .- Geo. M. Huss, in The Current.

more applicants for places than there were situations to fill.

Out of work and out of money, with a sick wife starving before his eyes, despair had driven him here in the hope of getting even the poor eruployment that would earn a few cents a day, and failing in this, he had momentarily lost his reason.

"Cheer up, man," said Ralph, handing him a silver coin. "Here is something for your present needs. Don't try to feed the fishes again."

The poor fellow but half comprehended the words the Englishman break neck speed. spoke. He gave one doubtful look at the coin and at the giver, and then nurmuring a blessing upon the young man, turned and disappeared.

Ralph, dripping wet, sought the nearest house, which proved to be that of Chan Fong, a rich Chinese merchant of Batavia.

As our friends entered Chan Fong was seated upon one of the porcelain stools in front of the counter. He half turned as they entered.

"Yung Faa, as I'm a sinner!" exclaimed Ralph, as his eyes fell on the Chinaman, who, however, returned his gaze with an unmoved countenance.

"Are you not Yung Faa?" question-

ed Ralph. "No," said he; "I am Chan Fong." And cooly asked: "But who are you?"

"Well, if you are not Yung Faa," said Ralph, disregarding the inquiry, "You are his ghost."

"I am Chan Fong," sententiously replied the Chinaman.

Ralph apologized for his hasty exclamation, and dismissed the subject. He called for a draught of brandy to keep the cold out, and the young men departed for the Hotel Buitenzort.

"That man is Yung Faa," Ralph earnestly said to his friend, when out of ear-shot of the Chinaman.

"But for heaven's sake who is Yung Faa?" asked Powell.

"Young Faa," said Ralph, "was about a year ago the shroff, or paying clerk, for the house of Gilbert & Mason, of Hong Kong. His bond was \$30,000, which was deposited in bank, according to custom, when he first received the situation. He was intrusted with the expenditure of large sums of money, and also had charge of the Hong stamp or seal of the firm. About a year ago he disappeared. A week afterward a body was found floating in the harbor, which the Coroner decided was none other than Young Faa. The firm of Gilbert & Mason, deeply regretting his loss, gave him a magnificent funeral, and the bond was returned to his distressed family.

did not owe much to society. At any rate, here was health and happiness for her who lay helpless before his eyes.

He was still plunged in thought, when Chan Fong hurriedly entering, said:

"Quick, Nablar! Your man has just gone to the Botonical Garden. Come! I will point him out to you."

The two had proceeded but a short distance, when the Chinaman touched his companion, and said, pointing to a small carriage, that was passing at

"There he is in that carriage. Your man is the one with the blue ribbon on his hat. Make no mistake. They go to Botanical Garden; you must follow."

A strange look settled upon the Malay's face. In that rapid glance he had recognized the occupants of the carriage. He sped after them, and was soon out of sight of Chan Fong. "That is finished." said the Chinaman as he returned to his store.

The jingle in the Botanical Garden slightly stirred, as our friends stood gazing at the antics of some balf-dozen caged Javanese monkeys.

"Master?" said Nablar, softly. "Hey, coolie!" said Ralph, "what

brings you here?" "Master," said the Malay, "I speak little, I speak true. Chan Fong will

kill you!' Ralph started. "And you have come here to tell me

this?" he said. "Chan Fong has paid me to kill you. Had I not come, he would have

sent another." "I see it all!" exclaimed Ralph, to his astonished friend. "He is Yung Faa, and but for the gratitude of this poor man he would have carried out his designs upon my life. Thanks, coolie! What is your name?"

"Nablar." "Well, Nablar, you shall be no loser by your fair dealing with me. How much were you to get from the China-

In brief terms Nablar informed him man?' of the promise made by Chan Fong.

"The scoundrel!" muttered Ralph. "But come; we must denounce the

"Stay, Ralph." said Powell, "that fellow." course will never do! You must die. In fact, you are dead already," and taking the blue band from Ralph's hat, he handed it to the Malay. "Here, you have filled your contract; present this and claim your money. You will not see us again."

The Malay disappeared in the jun-gle as suddenly as he had appeared. Powell hurriedly explained his proposed plan, and they too. disappeared in the thick undergrowth, and skirt-

# The Capture of John Brown.

From an account in the June Century of John Brown at Harper's Ferry, written by one of his prisoners, who was in the engine-house during the insurrection, and afterward held the rank of captain in the Confederate army, we quote the following: "When Lieutenant Stuart came in the morning for the final reply to the demand to surrender' I got up and went to Brown's side to hear his answer.

"Stuart asked, 'Are you ready to surrender, and trust to the mercy of the Government?'

"Brown answered promptly, 'No! ] prefer to die here.

"His manner did not betray the least fear.

"Stuart stepped aside and made the signal for the attack, which was instantly begun with sledge-hammers to break down the door.

"Finding it would not yield, the soldiers seized a long ladder for a battering-ram, and commenced beating the door with that, the party within tiring incessantly. I had assisted in the barricading, fixing the fastenings so that I could remove them upon the first effort to get in. But I was not at the door when the battering began, and could not get to the fastenings until the ladder was used. I then quickly removed the fastenings, and after two or three strokes of the ladder the engine rolled partially back, making a small aperture, through which Lieutenant Green of the marines forced himself, jumped on top of the engine, and stood a second in the midst of a shower of balls, looking for John Brown. When he saw Brown he sprang about twelve feet at him, and gave an under-thrust of his sword, striking him about midway the body and raising him completely from the ground. Brown fell forward with his head between his knees, and Green struck him several times over the head. and, as I then supposed, split his skull at every stroke.

"I was not two feet from Brown at that time. Of course I got out of the building as soon as possible, and did not know till some time later that Brown was not killed. It seems that

some carriage of his own. He can dreary and slow because only indirectly it aids in tangling the threads of the romance. It is the amount of "thrill" in the concluding chapters and the agreement in doctrine and sentiment of the writer with the reader's personal beliefs and tastes that settle the novel as good, bad, or indifferent.

Is this fair play? Such reading shuts out from the reader's enjoyment the prime pleasure sought, which should be glimpses at life and manners away from his own experience, the appreciation of the correct delineation of character as he knows and sees it about him, gratification in broadening his horizon by studying new and strange combinations in human action, and the gaining of knowledge of scenery and local habits otherwise unattainable. But that these are not the motives with a large number of novel-readers I think any close observer will admit, and the effect of this non-appreciation is not alone on the reader. Indirectly, though never, theless strongly; it affects the class of fiction produced. Your writer may be a sensitive body, and if his stories are not well thought of, he turns to other fields. And even if his hide is callous to the public apathy his pub-lisher's pocket is an infallible barometer of the demands of the time in literary pabulum. If Brown's sweet idyllic love-story, though it be an "ower true tale," and told with taste and feeling, be set upon by cynics, Brown will probably call himself a fool, and thereafter compile bluebooks. Should Brown be wilful his printer will soon whip him into line.

There are good novels being written in these days. "Here, in this poor, miscrable, hampered, despicable Act-ual," as Carlyle calls it are good, honest, genuine stories being printed -stories that will carry the impress of our time into the future, and show to the coming man the man of to-day, as Fielding and Smollett bring to us pictures of their roystering days. Are we right in repressing a tendency on the part of our story-tellers to characterize truly the way we live now and the places in which we live. For the mediocrity in present fiction which our subtle critics dwell upon so freely, we, laymen, we, readers, are as much to blame as our writers. We have scared away the finer spirits by a lack of ap-preciation in their work, by a hunger for old forms and mannerisms, and a preferences.

There is a deep-seated prejudice against a novel ending otherwise than

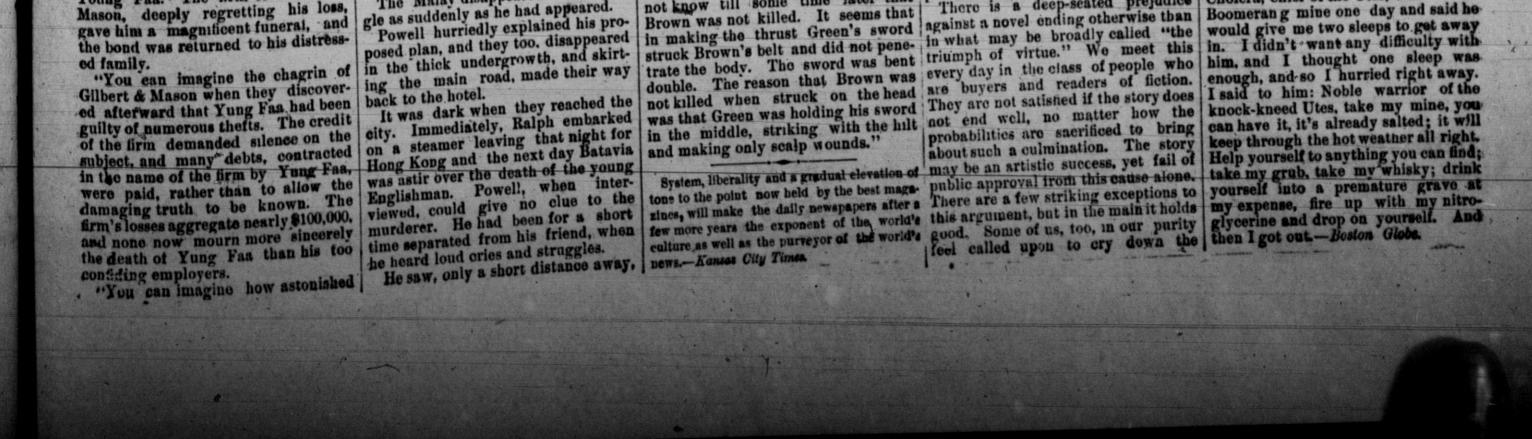
# **Riel's Inspiration Racket.**

A Canadian volunteer writing home from Duck Lake after the recent collision with Riel's rebels there tells how the half-breed leader plays the inspiration game on his Indian and French. followers:

At the battle of Duck Lake he had a cross with him, and he scratched it in three places and showed it to the Indians, and told them the cross was struck three times with bullets from the enemy and he never got a scratch. A few days before the late eclipse of the sun he called all the Indians together and had a council with them, and told them he was inspired by the Big Spirit. He told them that on a certain day and at or about a certain. hour the sun would get dark. This was the eclipse, and he got his inspiration from the almanac.

# Bill Nye at a Military Banquet.

I am not much of a military man. I once undertook to hold a claim in careless indifference to any merit save the North Park, but a bitterness the gratification of our little personal sprang up between myself and the Indians, and I lost my front hair. Cholera, chief of the Utes, came to the Boomerang mine one day and said he



THE HERALD. PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY THOMAS HOLMES, CHELSEA, MICH. SUBCRIPTION PRICE, \$1.40 PER YEAR

In perching ourself, for the first time, upon the editorial tripod, it is ever shown in this market. but courteous to the readers of THE HERALD that we should make the accustomed editorial bow, and "make" a few introductory remarks."

The work of the office will be divided between the proprietor and his youthful associate, Orrin H over, whose efficiency at case, galley and press has been tested and not found wanting, during the weeks that have elapsed since the sad day on which Mr.Emmert gave us the parting hand

The paper will be mid up every week with direct- and emphatic regard to the best interests and highest welfare of Chelsea-her citizens and her enterprises. In our humble efforts in this direction, we desire and confidently expect the patronage and hearty co-operation of every citizen and every business firm in our happy and thriving town. Thus sustained and assisted, we hope to do much not only to post our readers on current local events, but to stimulate enterprise, and promote Chelsea's substantial welfare.

On questions of morals we propose to throw our whole weight on the side of right. On political questions, we do not propose to be "heutral" but silent. "Silence is golden." Please, everybody, do not provoke us

On other questions no pledge or announcement is necessary. We are now at home and ready for business. Call and see us.

We are very late, this week, in get-

Our line of glass was never so complete in all grades and kinds. We also carry a full assortment of fancy and common flower pots, hanging baskets, bird cage hooks, cuspadors, bird cages, rock and yellow ware. In bedroom set we can show you some very beautiful patterns at very low prices. Being unable to purchase any more of one of our decorated pat gress and lace. terns, we will sell what is left of at cost. The pattern is a very desirable one and first quality in every respct.

will make it to your advantage to buy

Cocker

We now have the exclusive sale of that new and attractive pattern, "Ivory Brown Warwick," which for appearance and duribility has no equal. We take great pleasre in showing our line of crockery. Sign of the stripped awning.

# Respectfully. E. G. Hoag. N. B. Look in at our window.

Allegan philanthropists are hot. Sunday a fellow named Perkins went berrying, and not returning the evening, a searching party was organized clerks is able to count 4,000 new notes Monday, and the woods were scoured. After several hours of hard work, through the boiling sun, with the mercury at 135 degrees-in the sun of cours , and that's where the men had to walk-they found Perkins, with his eves set, his body ercet, but pulling off the little berries just the same, wholly unconscious of the excitement he had caused. The next belfast, Me., some time ago dreamed time Perkins gets lost he will not be hunted for until cold weather sets in.

-. Over eighty years was the average age of the persons who died in Dublin, N. H. last year.

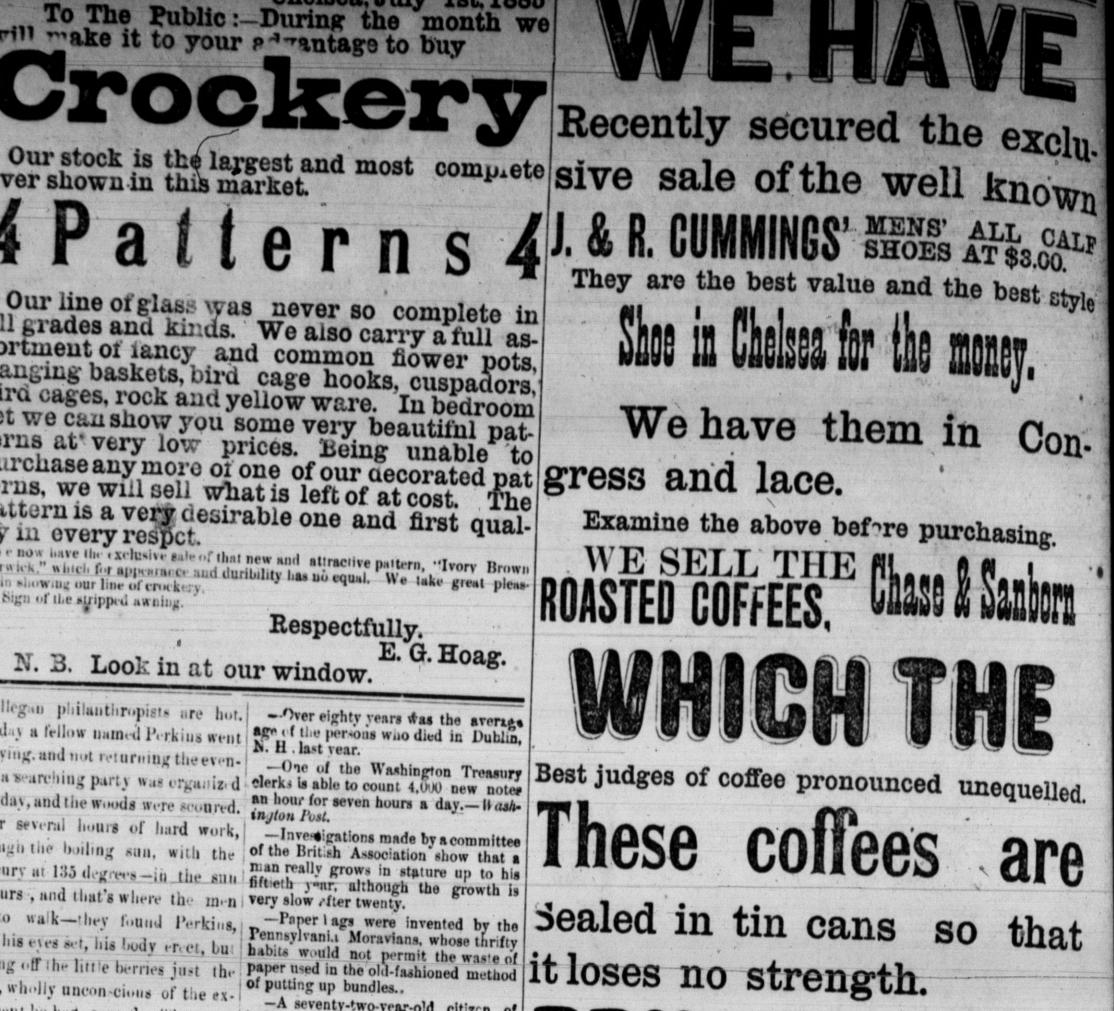
Chelsea, July 1st, 1885

-One of the Washington Treasury an hour for seven hours a day .- Washington Post.

-Investigations made by a committee of the British Association show that a man really grows in stature up to his fiftieth year, although the growth is very slow after twenty.

-Paper lags were invented by the Pennsylvania Moravians, whose thrifty habits would not permit the waste of paper used in the old-fashioned method of putting up bundles ..

-A seventy-two-year-old citizen of that he had made away with his life, and brooded over the vision until a few days ago, when he realized razor.



ing out THE HERALD. It was late Wednesday P. M. when the trans er of the office to us was effected. Eight laboring hours would bring the usual time of going to press, and employment, and a home. Early in but a small portion of the matter the spring Mr. Thorpe went west on now under the eye of the reader was business, leaving Wheldt to manage even in copy, much less in type.

The utmost exertion has been necessary to get it out this week at all.

For the errors that must of necessity exist, no apology is necessary, circomstances must fully excuse us.

We ask that our subscribers and especially our exchanges suspend severe oriticism yet a week or two; after that we hope to compete successfully with the best of them.

-There were some severe laws in the world two centuries ago, but apparently no more morality than now. There was a time when a Bob Ingersoll would have been imprisoned for life, even if he escaped burning at the stake. By statute, in the time of Elizabeth, if any person in plays or songs or by casual conversation said anything in derogation 

-Rocky Mountain squirrels, which are considerably larger than the ordinary American squirrel, with rich golden brown fur and silver-gray heads, are in demand for shipment to England, where they are valued at fifty dollars per pair.

Farmers as Business Men.

It is popularly suposed by a large class of farmers that none but business men need to acquire a knowledge of business forms and rules. To their raind the business man occupies a position similar to the lawyer and the doctor; he learas his trade and proceeds to get a living by it. This class of men believe that business forms are unintel. ligible, whereas they are very simple. He is as respectful at the mention of the words "percentage," "draughts," "bill of lading," invo ce," as he is when he hears the family physician talk Latin. But every farmer is a business man. He has crops to go to unreket; he wants to sell to the best advantage; he has to sell oftentimes on credit, and he is continnally buying. To all intents and purposes he is a business man. It would seem very desirable, however, that the younger men, who are one day to fill the places of the present generation,

-Evening Journal.

Augustus Wheldt was only a poor old tramp last fall, but John Thorpe of Charlotte found him, gave him the farm. The ungrateful tramp made good use of his employer's absence, made love to Mrs. Thorpe, persuaded her to sell the household goods and fly with him. The goods were sold, the fly resorted to, and for several months the guilty pair have been living together at Owosso. When Mr. Thorpe returned from the west and discovered the trick that had been perpetrated upon him he got mad, and on Saturday he had

Wheldt and Mrs. Thorpe arrested. - Evening Journal. .

"Well, well!" said Mr. Jarphly. "Well, what?" asked his wife. "I'm just reading of the American missionaries' attempt to introduce the Bible in China, my dear," replied Mr. Jarphly, "What is strange about that?" inquired Mrs. Jarphly. "Oh, nothing particu-lar, only I've seen it in calf and in Russia leather and in cloth and I thought I'd like to see it in China," and he innocently scratched his nose. "Jarphly, you're a fool," said Mrs. Jarphly.-Pittsburgh Telegraph.

The Tooth Factory.

The domain of the dentist is about to be disputed. A great discovery has been made which will revolutionize the whole business and emancipate the sufferers. A factory has been established. with plenty of capital to back it, for the purpose of making artificial teeth by machinery. All that any one who is troubled with his teeth will have to do will be to get them all pulled out. Then he can purchase a brand new, machine made set and be exempt from toothache all the rest of his life. There is, of course, nothing new in the making and using of artificial teeth, but it will be easily seen that the manufacture by machinery presents great advantages. When the making of watches by ma-chinery was started there were many protests that the new way would never be as good as the old. But the exactness soon attained, and the convenience of having the parts interchangeable, brought about a revolution, and the factory watches now rank above the hand-made. The same advantages will be had in the factory teeth. If one set

-At a Territorial fair in the Northwest an Indian sent a war bonnet fringed with human scalp locks as an exhibit. It was not refused, but occu-pied a prominent position and took a first prize.

-The English ship Daphne capsized when launched and many persons were killed. She was raised and renamed the Rose, but only to be sunk at her an-chor in harbor. Again raised, she ran ashore, was got off with difficulty and named afresh the lanthe, and a month ago en route to Smyrna she struck a rock on the Irish coast and is laid up for repairs.

-The discoverer of the richest of the Leadville silver mines sold his claim at once.for \$40,000, and during the following year the two purchasers made \$1,-000,000 each from it. Meanwhile the discoverer squandered his \$40,000 in prospecting, and the other day, a homeless tramp, applied for a night's lodg-ing at the Leadville Station House.— Chicago Herald.

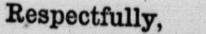
--Far out at sea along both the Gulf and Atlantic coasts of Florida are several springs of fresh water. They are well known to the spongers and fisher-men, who frequently visit them to replenish their water casks. On this same coast is an oil spring which diffuses a calm over troubled waters and affords a safe refuge to small vessels during a gale. -N. Y. Sun.

-An examination of 3.726 prescriptions in a Boston drug store showed that 504 different days were called for by the doctors. Quinine took the lead by appearing in 292 prescriptions, mor-phine appeared in 172, bromide of po-tass um in 171, iodife of potassium in 155, and muriate of iron in 134. The whole number of articles in the near whole number of articles in the pharmacopæia is 994, and Boston used more than half of them.—Boston Journal.

-The Troy Times reports that a Troy institute student, in returning from a visit to an island on Lake Champlain, strapped his, baggage to a hand-sled and a pair of skates to his feet and skated twenty-eight miles to make railroad connection, preferring this mode of travel to a mountainous drive of fourteen miles. His journey on the ice 'as made in four hours, less time than if he had traveled in a vehicle.

-The Churchman says of a phenomenon which often causes astonishment: The reason of the immunity which drunken men are said to enjoy from the consequences of accidents is attributed to the fact that the nerve centers which regulate the heart and vessels are so paralyzed in them as not to be affected by the shock, which in sober men would have acted in-them so violently as to stop the heart, arrest the circulation and causo death.

-The Turkish woman is supersti-



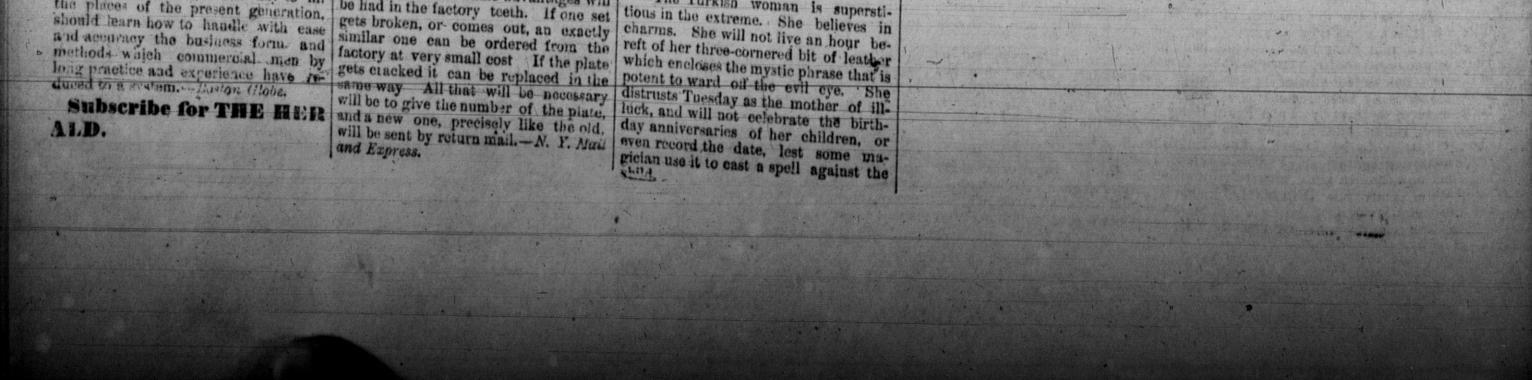
# B. PARKER & CO.

Our forty cent tea.

# It's A Fact.

Our trade at this season of the year was never as good. We are selling piles of **Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Furnishing Goods Etc.** The reason is plain: Money is scarce and most people are aware of the fact: there-fore they look around before they buy, and this means business for us, as they soon convince themselves that our cash sys-tem enables us to sell the best goods at lower prices than any other store in Chel-sea. Remember it does not cost anything to compare goods and prices. Let your to compare goods and prices. Let your eyes he your judge, and we guarentee that we will make it pay you.

Chelsea, - Mich.



# ELIJAH'S ALTAR.

Interesting Discovery on Mount Car-

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We are approaching that spot celeted in Bible story where Elijah saciced before the prophets of Baal, and here tradition has placed the altar or he called down the divine fire. d which commands one of the most ensive and interesting panoramic ws in Palestine, including almost ery point of note in Galilee. Within last year the Carmelites have sted a church on the lofty bluff ere this event is supposed to have curred, and which, rising abrupily ove the plain of Esdraelon to a cht of one thousand six hundred forms the southeast angle of the intain, and is a conspicuous object m far and wide. But a moment's etion will convince us that tradiis not correct in assigning this y pinnacle as the scene of the occe, for 'we are told that the bet "said to his servant, go up look towards the sea. And he up and looked, and said there is And he said, go again seven Now there would have been ceasion for Elijah to have given such directions to his servant had altar been at the place supposed, the sea is in full view of it, from it to Cæsarea; it is evident, therefrom the words "Go up," that altar was at a lower elen. The late Dean Stanley has conred that the spot might have been plateau a little lower down, where is a well on the south slope of the atsin; but it has seemed to me likely that it was in a sort of a amphitheater, which on account greater area, would have been etter adapted for so great a multias that which was assembled to ss the discomfiture of the false ets, and which lies to the west a below Mahkraka, and completely aled from the sea viev. There is twithin a few minutes of what be the center of this plane, from the sea is clearly visible. And, asly enough, hidden away in the rood, I came here upon a massection of square slabs of stone. veraging eighteen inches square. ht or nine inches thick, which on one another without cemeut, a rude table about twelve feet nd four feet high.

# BOOTS' ROMANCE.

A Montal Wreck Made So by Unrequited, Love for Jenny Lind. To see "Boots" Tan Steenburg, as he is called, with unkempt hair flying in the wind and his unshaven face decked in a suit of red, white and blue, with long streamers of all colors attached to his clothing, and a weatherbeaten straw hat decked with ribbons, and asking a penny of each one he meets, as he wanders from place to place in the Hudson Valley, one would not think that a tender passion ever thrilled his rough breast, a maiden's glance had ever opened his sigh-valves, or drew forth one impassioned utterance of love. And yet it was no less a personage than the nightingale of song. Jenny Lind, who for a while listened to the man's avowals of undying affection only to tell him in the end that he loved in vain, and made him a mental wreck, his life a dreary waste.

A gentleman who knows of the incident related the following to a News-Press reporter: "Boots," as he is called, was an attractive young man, the idolized son of Ulster County parents, who never stinted him with pepsia tablets. He sells them on guaranmoney. He chanced to be in New York when Jenny Lind created a furore in the musical world, and went to hear her. He was smitten with her charms, sought an introduction, fell madly in love, and night after night sat in front of the footlights to applaud the songstress. He poured costly presents into her lap, and the story goes that thirty thousand dollars would not cover the cost of them. There is no doubt that his suit was encouraged; but she discarded him. He followed the songstress from place to place, in a vain endeavor to renew his suit, until his reason was partially destroyed. Since then he has lived the life of a wild mat. in the woods, near Kingston, occasionally making a trip up the Hudson to collect funds to start a bank. His collections in all these years have been large, but what he does with the money nobody knows or can ascertain. Some com letely restored to health, with a years ago I called at his place and healthy appetite, and a gain in flesh of 48 found an old diary, and in it were lbs." words something like these: / "Jenny may not be called beautiful, but I she appeared upon the stage I stood until the great storm of applause had subsided. I was jeatious, because she not, of course, pretend that this seemed to desire everyone to have the most positively asserts that Acker's English original altar, which it is re- pleasure of seeing her. But then I was destroyed at that time, but suppose she thought the people had a loss to conjecture what pur- paid to see her, and didn't want anycould have served; and its one to be cheated. Her turning her head first to the left and then to the have suited the occasion, that right was but the artless manifestation a was suggested to me by find- of a simple and beautiful character." here, that it may be the remains On another leaf of the diary were these e erection put up in Jewish words: "And that song-bird sang of a summer coming night. Was it true?" Beneath these words were: "Diamond ornaments and a point lace fan completed her royal costume." "Boots" has always been perfectly harmless, chowes its name to the tradi- and the boys in Kingston and other tit was the scene of the execu- places never jeer him as he makes his This queer mortal visits the city valous and most richly culti- twice a year to deliver patriotic former times, as it is to-day speeches and collect money. His usual speaking places are the court house steps and the opera house step-ping block. His stereotyped speech, familiar to many, goes something like this: "Three cheers for George Washington and the great American eagle, and the goose hangs high!" He invariably closes his speech with a song so disconnected that the words can not be caught. It is stated that he collected between thirty and forty dollars on his last trip here. Notwithstanding his nonsensical talk and unintelligible artyrizing the feet always af- songs he is always warmly greeted by

# Very Remarkable Recovery.

h

Mr. Geo. V. Willing, of Manchester, t ch., writes: "My wife has been almost less for five years, so helpless that she ld not turn over in bed alone. She d two Bottles of Electric Bitters, and is c much improved, that she is able now to her own work'

El ctric Bitters will do all that is claimed for them. Hundreds of testimonials attest their great curative powers Only fifty cents a bottle at R. S Armstrong's. 2.

Bucklin's Arnica Salve. THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sore, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chillblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guarenteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. FOR SALE BY R S Armstrong.

Over one million of Acker's dyspepsia tablets sold in the past twelve months, purely upon their merits. Why suffer with chronic constipation, dyspepsia, sour stomach, sick headache, heartburn, and female troubles when R. S. Armstrong offers you relief and positive cure in the dyslee.

R. S. Armstrong would specially recom mend to the ladies Acker's dyspepsia tab lets. As a laxative they have no equal. They are guaranteed to cure chronic con s'ipation, dyspepsia, and all disease arising from a deranged stomach. With a free use of the tableis, sick headache is impossible.

EADS

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The Fountain of Youth.

Dyspepsia is the pervailing maledy of ci-

vilized life. A weak, dyspeptic stomach

acts very slowly or not at all on imany

kinds of food, gasses are extracted, acids

are formed and become a source of pain

and disease until discharged To be dys-

peptic is to be miserable, hopeless, dapress-

Sour Ecructations of Stomach, Bad Taste

in mouth, Bilious attacks, Palpitation of

Bome Markets.

Ecos..... 10 @

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# A Walking Skeleton.

Mr E. Springer, of Mechanicsburg, Pa., writes; "I was afflicted with lang fever and abscess on the lungs, and reduced to a walking Skeleton. Got a free trial bottle of Dr King's New Discovery for Consump tion, which did meso much good that I bought a dollar bottle. After using three bottles, found myself once more a man.

Call at R. S. Armstrong's Drug Store and get a free trial bottle of this certain loved to look upon her face, and when cure for all Lung Diseases. Large bottles \$1.00.

After a thorough test, R. S. Armstrong,



was so exactly that which a commemorate the event. a path lead ng from it directly ishon, at the point where the inis, or Hill of the Priests, om the margin of the brook, he false prophets. This por- rounds. e mountain was evidently the t beautiful. -L. Oliphant, in

CHINESE WOMEN.

te Inner Life of the Almouded Women of China. ladies wear robes of silk of ery color-their frightful little rude from the legs of a straight atin pantaloons-much like the garment in form. The cusegs, which invariably become the boys .- Poughkeepsie News-Press. phied or deformed.

et are not admitted to the imart. Only the daughters of Fishing Which Does not Grow Tireson eaerals are admitted to the palace, and these Tartar their feet deformed. Still, I hat the Tartar girls are not at to go to Pekin, where some poor creatures are cunthe life of a recluse in those

old chance to meet a wellese woman, either walking palanquin, you may asthat she belongs to the class. As for the women h, they go freely through hey carry packages, merall kinds, and adopt very by reason of their uncomleveloped muscular power, porters.

Chinese ladies are served omestics called "amahs." ats somet mas perform comat not as a rule. No woman an aristocratic family ell to be seen upon the good reason.

a's wife must not show the populace. She shares her husband, gives parties house, visits her female he street is forbidden her. sewomen love their chilre much loved and re-

From Lack of Excitement.

ver subjected to the tarture the end of the bowsprit of a sailing vessel. All vessels regularly engaged in this fishery are supplied with an apparatus for the support of the harpooner. which consists of a wooden platform buildings, surrounded by about two feet square, upon which the

harpooner stands, and an upright bar of iron three feet high, rising from the tip of the bowsprit just in front of this platform. At the top of this bar is a bow of irow in nearly a circular form, to surround the waist of the harpooner. This structure is called the "rest" or the "pulpit." A man is always stationed at the mast-head, whence, with the keen eye which practice has given him, he can easily descry the tell-tale dorsal fins at a distance of two or three miles. When a fish has been sighted the watch "sings out," and the vessel is steered directly toward it. The skipper takes his place in the pulpit, holding the harpoon with both hands by the upper end, and directing the man at the wheel by voice and gesture how to

steer. When the fish is from six to ten feet in front of the vessel, 'it is struck. The harpoon is not thrown; the strong arm of the harpooner punches the dart into the back of the fish beside the dorsal fin, and the pole is withdrawn. The line is from fifty

remedy is the best medicine for asthma, croup, coughs, whooping cough, and all lung troubles that can be found. Ask him about it, for he fully guarantees it.



Used herbs in doctoring the family, and her simple remedies DID CURE in most cases. Without the use of herbs, medical science would be powerless; and yet the tendency of the times is to neglect the best of all remedies for those powerful medicines that seriously in-jure the system.

is a combination of valuable herbs, carcially compounded from the formula of a regular Physician, who used this pre-scription largely in his private practice with great success. It is not a drink; but a medicine used by many physicians. So It is invaluable for DYSPEPSIA, KIDNEY and LIVER COMPLAINTS, NERVOUS EXHAUSTION, WEAK-NESS, INDIGESTION, &c.; and while curing will not hurt the system.

Mr. C. J. Rhodes, a well-known iron man of Safe Harbor, Pa., writes:

"My son was completely prostrated by fever and actue. Quinine and barks did him no good. I then sent for Mishler's Herb Bitters and in a short time the boy was quite well."

"E. A. Schellentrager, Druggist, 717 St. Clair Street, Cleveland, O., writes: "Your Bitters, I can say, and do say, are pre-scribed by some of the oldest and most prominent physicians in our city." MISHLER HERB BITTEES CO.,

525 Commerce St., Philadelphia.

Parker's Pleasant Worm Syrur Vever Fails

Merchants should remember that the HEEL- Heart, Inflamation of Lungs, Pain in the ALD is the Best Advertising medium in this Secion. A bonafide circula- GOLDEN SEAL BITTERS, the great

-inere is a Faith Home in Spring. field, Mass. Two women, who are called Sisters Rosa and Orpha, opened it five years ago. The Republican Take no others. Sold by R. S. Armstrong vouches for them as humble, earnest and Glazier, DePay & Co. b lievers in the miracles which they toink they work. They are making no money out of the enterprise, for they and neighborhood will employ no phy- BUTTER ..... prayer.

O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger, and Ticket Agent, Chicago.



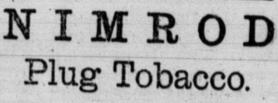
# FAVORITE REMEDY

has won golden opinions. No traveler should consider his outfit complete unless it includes a bottle of this medicine all you are exposed to frequent changes of climate, fooi and water. Favorite Remedy changes of climate, food and water. Favorite Remedy should always be within your reach. It expels ma-larial poisons, and is the best preventative of chills attest malarial fever in the world. It is especially of-ferred as a trust worthy specific for the cure of Kidney and Liver complaints, Constipation and all disorders arising from an impure state of the blood. To women whos suffer from any of the tils peculiar to their ser Favorite Remedy is constantly proving itself an up-faiting friend a real blessing. Address the proprie-tor, Dr. D. Kennedy, Bondout, N. Y. Si bottle, 6 for \$5. by all druggista.



STEPHEN PRATT'S STEAM BOILER WORKS. (Estublished 1865.)

Manuf'r of bigh & low pressure and steam heating boilers of all kinds; smoke pipes, breachings, etc. Old boilers taken in exchange for new. Rivels, boiler plates and boiler tubes for sale. Cor Foundry-st. and Mich. Cent'l R. R. track, Detroit, Mich. 21-



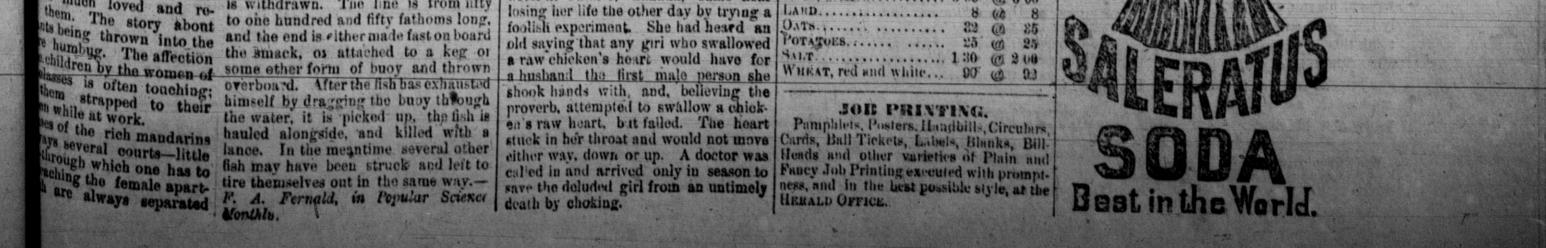
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS AND TO. BACCO DEALERS. NOTED FOR ITS ed, confused in mind, forgetful, irresolute, EXCELLENT CHEW, DELICIOUS drowsey, weak, languid and useless. 11 FLAVOR AND CHEESY CUT. THIS destroys the Teeth, Complexion, Strength, TOBACCO IS MANUFACTURED OF Peace of Mind and Bodily-ease. It produ-FINEST LEAF PUREST SWEETENces Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, ING "EVERYBODY CHEWS NIM-Coughs, Tightness of Chest, Dizziness, ROD." SEND FOR SAMPLES.

S. W. VENABLE & CO., Petersburg, Va.



SPEARING SWORD-FISH.

The fish are always harpooned from





# MRS. THOMAS A. HENDRICKS,

like Mrs. John A. Logan, has been by herself almost figure in politics. How much of his success the Vice-President owes to his wife will never be known. Mr. Hendricks married two years after his admission to the bar, but the union was blessed with only one child; a boy who died in 1857. Mrs. Hendricks is 50 years of age.

Exposts of wheat and corn for the twelve months ending June 30, 1885, were largely in excess of the exports for the previous twelve months. Statistics of our foreign grain shipments for the current year are apt to make a far less cheerful showing.

THE prohibibitory liquor law of Kansas requires a statement by the purchaser and the druggist for every portion of rum sold, and this document must be filed with a county judge. The fee for his Honor is five cents in every

Cleveland's Proclamatie Soon after the announcement of Gen.

Grant's death telegrams were received from all sections of the country, from governors of states and representative citizens, expressing sympathy and offering condolence to the immediate family of one whose loss the world mourns

A meeting of the president and cabinet wa held in Washington, and the president issued the following proclamation:

By the president of the United States o America—A proclamation: The president of the United States has just

The president of the United States has just received the sad tidings of the death of that il-lustrious citizen and ex-president of the United States, Gen. Ulysses S. Grant, at Mt. Me-Gregor, in the state of New York, to which place he has lately been removed in the en-deavor to prolong his life. In making this announcement to the people of the United States, the president is impressed with the magnitude of the public loss of a great public leader, who was in the hour of victory magnanimous, amid disaster serene and self.

magnanimous, amid disaster serene and selfsustained; who in every station, whether as a soldier or as a chief magistrate twice called to power by his fellow-countrymen, had followed unswervingly the pathway of duty, undeterred by doubts, single-minded and straightforward. The entire country has witnessed with deep emotion his prolonged and patient straight emotion his prolonged and patient struggle with painful disease, and has watched by his couch of suffering with tearful sympathy. The destined end has come at last, and his spirit has returned to the Creator who sent it forth. The great heart of the nation, that followed him when living with love and pride, bows now in sorrow above him dead, tenderly mindful of his virtues, his great patriotic services, and the loss occasioned by his dath.

In testimony of respect to the memory of Gen. Grant it is ordered that the executive mansion and the several departments at Washington be draped in mourning for a period of 30 days, and that all public business shall on the day of the funeral be suspended, and the secr taries of the war and of the navy will cause orders to be issued for appropriate mili-tary and naval honors to be rendered on that

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washington, this 23d day of July, A. D. 1885, and of the in-dependence of the United States the 110th. GROVER CLEVELAND. (Signed)

By the presiden t: T. F. BAYARD, Secretary of State. The following telegram was also sent:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, July 23, 1885. ) To Mrs. U. S. Grant, Mt. McGregor, N. Y.:

Accept this expression of my heartfelt sympathy in this hour of your great attliction. The people of the nation mourn with you and would reach, if they could, with kindly com-fort the depths of the sorrow which is yours alone, and which only the pity of God can heal

GROVER CLEVELAND. (Signed.) After the cabinet meeting the presi-

dent issued an executive order closing all the

GRANT IS BEAD



# After Months of Terrible Suffering

THE SOLDIER AND PATRIOT PASSES AWAY.

# A Sketch of His Life.

Gen. Grant died at Mt. McGregor at S:40 a.

# n., Thursday, July 23d.

Ulysses Simp on Grant was born at Point Pleasant, O., April 27, 1822. His ancestors were Scotch. His parents, in 1823, removed to the village of Georgetown, O., where his boyhood was passed.

At the age of seventeen General Grant en-tered the Military Academy at West Point. He had been christened Hiram Ulysses, but the Congressman who procurred his appointment, by mistake, wrote him down as Ulysses S. Grant. The authorities at West Point and the Secretary of War were petitioned by the young cadet to correct the blunder, but no notice was taken of the request. Ulysses S. Grant had been recorded and Ulysses S. Grant he remained. The study in which he showed the most proficiency was mathematics. He graduated in 1843, twenty-first in a class of thirty-nine, and

was commissioned Brevet Second Lieutenant, and assigned to the Brevet Fourth Infantry. In the summer of 1845 the regiment was ordered to Texas to join the army of General Taylor. He was commissioned Lieutenant September 30. His first battle was at Palo Alto, May 8, 1846 and he subsequently took part also May 8, 1846 and he subsequently took part also in the battles of Resaca de la Palma and Monterey, and the siege of Vera Cruz. In April, 1847, he was made Quartermaster of his regi-ment, and after the battle of Molino del Rey, September 8, 1847, he was appointed on the field First Lieutenant for his gallantry. He wa especially mentioned in Colonel Garland's report of the battle of Chapultepec, and was brevetted Captain, his commission dating from that battle. After the capture of the City of Mexico, Grant returned with his regiment and was stationed first at Detroit and afterward at Sackett's Harbor. In 1848 he married Miss Julia T. Dent. daughter of a merchant in St. Louis and sister of one of his classmates. In 1852 he accompanied his regiment to California and Oregon and in 1853 was commission Captain. In 1854 he resigned his commission in the army and removed to Gravois, near St. Louis, where he operated a farm. There his daughter Nellie, now Mrs. Sartoris, was born. In 1859 he re-moved to Galena, Ill., and engaged in the leather trade with his father and his brother, Orville. On the 13th of April 1861, Fort Sumter fell. On the 15th President Lincoln made his call for troops, and on the 19th Grant was drilling a company of volunteers in Galena. Four days later he took it to Springfield. From there he wrote to the adjutant-general af the army, offoring his services to the government in any capacity which it cared to make use of him. Grant remained at Springfield and helped to organize the volunteer troops of the state. After five weeks of this work, which is mili-tary education had specially fitted him for, Governor Yates offered him the Twenty-first Regiment of Illinois Infantry. He took command of his regiment early in June and marched to Missouri. Reporting to Brigadier-General Pope, he was stationed at Mexico, about fifty miles north of the Missouri river. On August 28 he was commissioned Brigadier-General of Volunteers, his commission being dated back to May 17. His first military achievement was the seizure of Paduca, Ky., which commanded the navigation of both the Tennessee and the Ohio. At the bat-tle of Belmont, November 17, 1861, Grant com-manded in person and had a horse shot under him. February 6, he captured Fort Henry, and ten days later Fort Donelson surrendered to him. His reply to the Confederate General Buckner, in command of Fort Donelson, who sent to him asking terms of capitulation, was eminently characteristic of the great soldier: "No terms except unconditional and immediate surrender can be accepted. I propose to move immediately upon your works." The terms were complied with, and the Stars and tripes soon fluttered over Fort Donelson. General Grant was at once promoted to be Major-General and appointed commander of the district of West Tennessee. Immediately after the capture of Fort Donelson, Grant fell under General Halleck's displeasure, and was removed, but in about a week was ordered to resume his command. The great battle of Shiloh was fought on Sunday and Monday, the 6th and 7th of April, 1862, and resulted in a victory for the union soldiers. It was in this engagement that the Confederate-General Albert Sidney Johnston was killed. At the siege of Corinth Grant was second in command to General Halleck, and when the latter was called to Washington, Grant was appointed to the command of the Army of the Tennessee. He captured Vicksburg July 4, 1863, and defeated Bragg at Chattanooga in November fol-lowing, In March 1864, President Lincoln appointed Grant Commander-in-Chief of the armies in field, with the rank of Lieutenant-General. On the 17th of that month Grant issued his first general order assuming command of the armies of the United States, and announced that headquarters would be "ir and announced that headquarters would be "in the field, and until further orders, with the Army of the Potomac." At midnight, May 8, Grant began the movement against Richmond, which, after a series of hard-fought battles, re-sulted in the capture of the Confederate capi-tal, April 3, 1865. On the 9th of the same month General Lee and his entire command surrendered to Grant at Appomattox Court House, Va.

of nearly (00.00) votes over Horace Greeley,

rtly after the experation of his term in General and Mrs. Grant made a tou 1877 the General and Mrs. Grant made a four around the world, landing at San Francisco in September of that year. He was received ev-erywhere with the nighest consideration, the governments and peoples of the Old World vying with each other in doing honor to the American soldier and patriot. General Grant was a very prominent candi-date before the Chicago National Republican convention in 1880, for the nomination for president for a third term, but did not succeed

convention in 18.0, for the nomination for president for a third term, but did not succeed in getting the nomination. Since then he has lived in New York. His financial troubles are too recent to need mention in this connection. In the last hours of the recent congress a bill was passed placing the old hero on the retired list of the army, with the rank and pay of general

His recent illness is known to all and does not need any extended mention. During the long days and nights of suffering, when the death angel hovered near, the brave old hero calmly waited the final summons. He rallied for a time, and his friends and physicians were hopeful that he was to be spared for months.

A few weeks ago he was removed from the city to Mt. McGregor, in the hopes that the bracing mountain air would do much to strengthen him, and prolong the life so dear to the hearts of all. Since going to the mountains there have been alternate days of hope and despair. But all the while the disease was slowly but surely doing its work, sapping the strength of the old hero who had unflinch-

ing y faced death in so many forms. All that the skill of physicians and untiring attent on of friends could do was done to aleviate the sufferings and make less painful the last days of his earthly' pilgrimage. But the end came, and while the waving pines pending over the mountain home were singing their requium the spirit of the man whom all the wor'd loved and honored passed hence, in obed ence to the command, "it is enough, come up higher."

PASSING EVENTS.

When the heart is full the lips are silent; when the man is full it is different.

The girl who is looking for a place in a church choir must have the key to the situation.

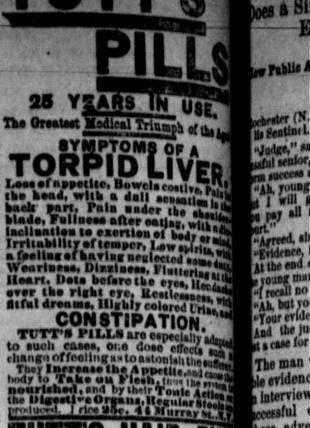
A Pittsburgh, Mass., couple who had been married thirty-three years were recently divorced.

According to a wise medical practi-tioner, smoking is more likely to cause cancers than chewing.

Two colts -one mule and one horse -were recently foaled by a mare in Yolo county, California.

A Beaver county, Pennsylvania, baby's name is Grover Cleveland Thomas Hendricks Reich.

Grasshoppers are causing considerable damage to fruit in the vineyards f Tehama county, California.



GRAY HAIR OF WHISKERS changed to GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DTR. It imparts a natural color, and instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, a ent by express on receipt of \$1. Office, 44 Murray St., New York



"When re ion tha alth draw d Warner "No, sir, first, to do rertising. elf after it ties and

hose adve

use alw

"What st

e?" I ask

"Display, raphs of te "Have yo

In answer



instance, and some of the judges enjoy handsome incomes from this source.

THE latest solution of the Indian problem comes from an "active Chrs tian worker" of Chicago. It is this; "Whenever you get near enough to an Indian, shoot hi n." Af er all, the Indian cannot be blamed so very much for a l tt'e method of his own for solving the great Causasian problem. It is this: "Whenever you get near enough to a white man shoot him. The Chicago active Christian worker ought to go out on the plains and let the Indian work out his problem first.

THE cholera has broken out in Madrid among persons of means and position and living in a good neighborhood. The situation in Aranjuez, which is a suburb of Madrid, is terrib'e. The population of 14,000 has dwindled to 3,000; and those who are unable to get away feel that they are doomed. Many who are attacked drop senseless as they are walking about, and expire before aid can reach them. United States Consul Mason, at Marseilles, has informed the deparament of state that cholera has again appeared in that city and in Toulon. A general exodus from Marseilles has begun. He reports that the apparent death rate is below the average. A dispatch from Bombay, India, states that the laborers on the Pisheen railway are deserting by the hundred because of the ravages of cholera in the country through which the road is being constructed.

THIS odd question was recen'ly propounded for settlement before an Eng lish police magistrate. It transpired that at the fire at the Japanese village in London a waiter lost his dress suit, which was destroyed with the rest ot the show, and he summoned the secretary of a benefit society to recover the value of the same. He claimed four pounds ten and sixpence for the loss. The society fought the claim, not because they objected to pay it, but sim. ply because there were many other clams of a like nature depending upon the issue, and the company did not want to create a precedent. The judge, - however, held that waiters' clothes were their tools, and that as such they could not fulfil their functions without

executive departments at 1 p. m., out of respect to the memory of Gen. Grant. He also directed Adjutant-General Drum to proceed to Mt. McGregor as the personal representative of the president, and to confer with Mrs. Grant and Col. Fred Grant concerning the military honors to be rendered to the deceased general and to perfect the military arrangements for his funeral. As soon as the day for Gen Grant's funeral is announced Secretary Whit ney will issue an order closing the navy yards, etc., on that day, half-masting the flags on all the United States vessels, directing naval officers to wear black badges, and ordering that . gun be fired every half hour during the day of the funeral from each vessel and battery.

# A PROSPECTIVE FEAST. A dispatch received in London states that the king of Dahomey, West Africa, with a large army, has massacred the French in the

protected villages. Theking has also captured 1,00) French persons, and he and his followers propose to eat them. An expedition recently sent from San

Francisco to obtain skins and skeletons for the National Museum of the almost extinct sea elephant, once enormously abundant on the Pacific coast, was able, after a long cruise, to get only a dozen or more specimens, though they visited haunts which only two or three years ago were the resorts of hundreds of these unwieldy seals, whose valuable oil has made them an object of exterminating pursuit.

Here is a sample of Chinese advertising, the effort of an ink manufacturer in Canton: "At the shop Tae shing (prosperous in the extreme), very good inv; tine! fine! An ient shop, greatgrandfather, gandfather, father, and se f made this ink; fine and hard, very hard; picked with care, selected with attention. This ink is heavy; so is gold The eye of the dragon glitters and dazzles: so does this ink. No one makes like it."

When Mr. Phelps, minister to England, was in New Haven, it was among his duties to instruct the academic seniors in law. A student was asked one day to give the essentials of a deed. By dint of much head-scratching he described fairly a will. Prof. Phe ps called his attention to the mistake, much to his confusion, but relieved him and the si uation by remarking at once, "Mr. i Blank. I shall have to take the will for the deed."

**Bishop Williams of Connecticut**, relates that he and the Rev. Dr. T. W. Colt, lately deceased, were once conducting a service tigether. During a chant before the prayers he turned to Dr. Colt and asked. "Has Congress adjourned yet?" so as to know whether or not to offer the prayer for that body. His gravity was nearly upset by Dr. Colt's grim reply, "No, and never will!"

California fruit-growers are introducing negroes to be substituted for Chinamen in the orchards and vineyards.

A poet says: "Woman is the Sunday of Man." He probably had Eve in his mind, as she was the beginning of the weak.

The war department has decided that officers shall not be given staff places on any but professional grounds.

A turnip closely resembling an ele-phant is on exhibition at Key West. A man closely resembling a beat can be seen almost anywhere.

Someone says: "A play must have a motive." Most of them have, and it mems to be to get people to pay \$1.50 to see a 25-cent show.

The president kissed a pretty little girl at a recent reception, and it is reported that "the smack of his lips could be heard all over the east room.

The summer has come. Do not keep little children penned up indoors, fearing fresh air will give them colds, or the sunshine spoil their complexions. Turn the rascals out.

"Noticed anything fresh to-day?" asked the dude as he strolled into the edstorial room. "Nothing until you dropped in," replied the editor, carelessly, and there was no more said.

"There is one thing I dread," remarked Fenderson, "and that is a premature burial." "Don't worry about that." replied Fogg, "the thing is impossible. There is no danger of your being buried too soon."

Street-cars in New York, Albany, and Washington are to be moved by compressed air. The air chambers are under the cars, which can be run at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour, and can be stopped at once.

A statement recently promulgated contains the terrifying news-to business men-that mercantile agencies have established a rule of verifying a man's financial standing by his statement to the insatiable tax assessor.

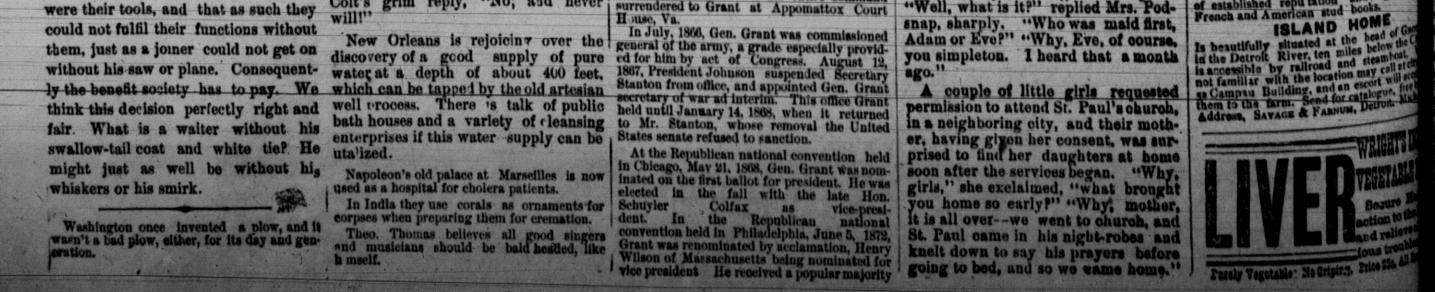
The Bar harbor which first won notice by its peculiar wildness of nature, has become the Bar harbor of modern improvements, where the "heart of nature" can be felt beating through telephone wires, railroads, and other devices of man.

A farmer and his wife went into a dentist's. "How much do you charge for filling teeth?" asked the farmer. "From \$2 to \$5." "And for pull-ing?" "Fifty cents." "Mariar," he said, turning to his wife, "you'd bet-ter get it pulled."

"I've got another, my dear," said Mr. Podsnap, rushing in to supper. "Well, what is it?" replied Mrs. Pod-snap, sharply. "Who was maid first, Adam or Eve?" "Why, Eve, of course,

tele No. 2020 (1167). -IMPORTED-Hors Percheron All stock selected from the get of sire of established reputation and p French and American stud books. HOME ISLAND

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# PLAQUE. STRICKEN PLYMOUTH.

nes a Similar Danger Threaten Every one of Us?

Public Attention is Directed to Personal Perils.

achester (N. Y.) Correspondence Indianapo-Is Se

"Judge," said a young lawyer to a very suc-ssful senior, "tell me the secret of your uni-

"Ah, young man, that secret is a life study, if I will give it to you on condition that u pay all my bills during this session of

"Agreed, sir," said the junior. "Evidence, indisputable evidence." "Evidence, indisputable evidence." At the end of the month the judge reminded e young man of his promise. "I recall no such promise." "Ah, but you made it." "Your evidence, please !" "Your evidence, please !" And the judge, not having any witnesses.

a case for once.

The man who can produce indisput le evidence wins public favor. I had interview yesterday with the most accessful of American advertisers. hose advertising is most successful sause always backed by evidence. "What styles of advertising do you p" I asked H. H. Warner, Esq. "Display, reading matter and parahs of testimonials."

"Have you many testimonials?" In answer he showed me a large cabit chock full. "We have enough to Boston, New York, Chicago, St. ouis and Philadelphia morning pa-

"Do you publish many of them?" "Not a title. Wonderful as are those do publish, we have thousands like em which we cannot use. 'Why pt?' Let me tell you. 'Warner's safe m ladies of the highest rank, but it ould be indelicate to publish them. kewise many statesmen, lawyers, ergymen, doctors of world-wide fame we been cured, but we can only refer such persons in the most guarded ms, as we do in our reading articles." "Are these reading articles success-

"When read they make such an imion that when the 'evil days' of ill alth draw nigh they are remembered, d Warner's safe cure is used." "No, sir, it is not necessary now, as first, to do such constant and extensive ertising. A meritorious medicine sells

ND

TRUE

AND B Med.Ca BOCK.

ALE BY

E!

# A Pions Feud.

The dispatches in Tuesday's papers tell of a terrible tragedy in Florida, the result of a "feud" between 'two families, the Longfords and the Wests. There were three Longfords and three Wests, and they were all pious men, teachers in Sunday school. They met last Sunday afternoon at a church where Sunday school was being held, and while the choir was singing "Nearer My God' to Thee." the firing began on the green in front of the church. The little children that these plous men had been teaching the co-nmandment, "Thou shalt not kill," were frightened and ran out of the church to see the fight, and to see their dear teachers desecrate the holy Sabbath day by filling their dear brothers with cold lead. An occasionwould roll out of a wagon before the little children, and as the organ pealed forth the glad anthem one of the pious and God-fearing Brother Wests would take a knife and rip a basket full of sot in " said a suffer ng old man who bowels out of a brother Longford, and lived near the swamp. Fact is, wherechildren recite verses from the New Testament, and to hear the good teachers explain the meaning of sentences, and unite in prayer that the Good God would preserve them all from harm and finally bring them before Him at the great white throne to be judged of the deeds done on earth, got behind trees and wagons to escape the flying bullets that were filling the air on the Lords day, and they shoved re' has probably been the most suc-ssful medicine for female disorders the children behind the meeting house that they might not be murdered by their might not be murdered by their pious teachers with stray

shots. A pious old deacon who was not interested in the fight, held up his hands and with his white hair streaming in the grateful breeze of the warm Southern Sabbath, prayed that the sauguinary brethren who were drawing beads on their Christian neighbors, might be turned from the error of their ways, and cease firing, and shake hands over the gory corpses already prepared. Then a spent ball took him in the groin, and he drew his own revolver and said he was a law abiding citizen and a Christian, but he could everlastingly plug up the liver of any man that would elf after its merits are known. We shoot him in the groin when he was esent just evidence enough to disarm | praying for peace, and he began to cand to impress the merits of shoot at the combatants. The women remedies upon new consumers. We and children became frightened and it to be our duty to do this. Hence, ran screaming to the pine woods, and after the Wests and Longfords had all the sick, we have to use the reading icle style People won't read plain timonials." "Yes, si', thousands admit that had not learned of Warner's safe core just having strength enough to keep bugh this clever style they would pulling the trigger of his self-cocker, I be ailing and still impoverishing though his eyes were glazed in death aselves in fees to unsuccessful from a quart of bullets through the actitioners.' It would do your soul liver and other foreign parts, at the d to read the letters of thanksgiving hands of a brother Sunday school get f om mothers grateful for the teacher. The school was dismissed to t success which attend Warner's for the day, and the women and chilcure when used for children, and dren ran home screaming bloody mursurprised gratification with which der, while the men gathered around

For funnily dying an enemy's hair bright red, a Englishman has been compelled to pay \$200 lamages.

Through the efforts of Ouida, the practice of skinning frogs alive has been stopped in the markets of Florence.

Prince Frederick Charles has been one of the richest men in Germany. The Connoughts will under his will get about \$2,503,003.

A man in Illinois asks a court to change his name from Sheol to Shrady. He thinks that the Scriptural revision renders the change de-

"Whenever you get near enough to an Indian shoot him," was the remark made by a man re-ported to be an "active Christian worker" in one of the churches of Chicago.

A pair of the finest black eyes did not satis-fy Miss Casey of Iowa, and in trying to turn them to blue by means of chemicals she has ruined both their usefulness and beauty.

Dromedaries were expected to make rare sport in races with horses in Vienna, but they proved so slow that the meanest cart al corpse of a Saboath school teacher drawers brought in from the street beat them easily.

# "Right Peart."

"I was right peart till the rheumatiz the scene beggared description. The ever you live you can't be ' right peart' truly good Christians who had gath- if you are a victim of this troubleso re ered in the church with their children disease. Captain C. W. Hotsenpiller, to listen to the interpretation of the Springfield, O., says, 'I found great scriptures by the Wests and the Long- relief from inflammatory rheumatism fords, as teachers of the little ones in by using Brown's Iron Bitters," the way they should go, to hear the Thousands of other people have found similar re jef.

> A branch of the salvation army, to be known as the salvation navy, is to be started in England.

In the Austrian railway service 3,000 women find employment, earning from \$15 to \$25 per month.

The oldest piece of leather in the world is an Egyptian scroll, date of 1800 B. C., now nearly reduced to dust in the British museum.

There is a widow in Gloucester, Mass., who has 21 children. She is now looking for a second husband to aid her in keeping the wolf from the door.

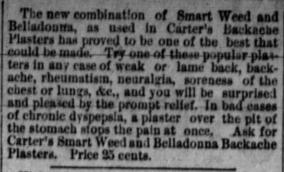
Over 100 years ago several competent en-gineers declared that the obstacles in the way of building a Panama canal were not insurmountable

The London Lancet, recognized as high authority by all coctors, looks upon prayer cures not as miracles, but as purely the effect of the mind upon the body, it being the faith that heals and not the outside source or object of faith.

Lambert Tree of Chicago, the new minister to Belgium, is worth \$5,000,000. The New York Journal intimates that if he likes the country he will try to buy it with a view to moving it over on the like front at Chicago and converting it into a beer garden.

# The Home of Mr. Blaine.

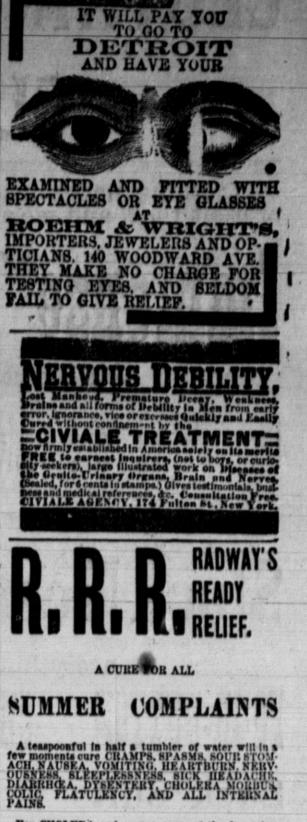
WASHINGTON, D. C .- The son of Senator Frye of Maine, who has been suffering from a severe cold, which settl-d on his chest, was cured by a few doses of Red Star Cough Cure. He publicly endorses it as prompt, pleasant and safe. Dr. Cox calls it the best remedy. It contains no opiates or poi ons.



Victoria's children all like to attend the ters.



This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsin, Indigestion, Weakness, Impare Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia. It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver. It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives. It does not injure the teeth, cause headache.or produce constipation—other Iron medicines do. It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite aids the assimilation of food results.



For CHOLERA and severe cases of the foregoing omplaints, see our printed directions.

# MALARIA IN IT'S VARIOUS FORMS FEVER AND AGUE.

There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague and all other Malarious, Billious, and other fevers (alded by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN, TOOTHACHE, HEADACHE, SCIAT-ICA, LUMBAGO, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SWELLING OF THE JOINTS, SPRAINS, BHUISES, PAINS IN THE BACK, CHEST OR LIMBS. The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford instant ease and comfort. It was the first and is THE ONLY PAIN REMEDY that instantly stops the most excrucialing pains, allays inflammation, and Cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs by one application.

bowers, or other g one application

t to accomplish our mission of heal-

n and women of older years and im-red vigor, testify to the youthful lings restored to them by the same cases they had known during their

Are these good effects permanent?" can sho v such a record?"

ous disorders?"

has several month a every organ is affected and this on the young minds-Peck's Sun.

lives, and finally the dead were loaded into wagons and conveyed to their Of all the cases of kidney, liver, homes, and as the sun went down on hary and female dise ses we have the beautiful Sabbath day, and the d, not two per cent of them re- birds ceased their singing and went ta return of their disorders. Who to their nests, all was quiet, and peacowhite winged peace, that had been a What is the secret of Warner's safe stranger for the time, hovered over e permanently reaching so many the little city, and the Sunday-school children who had been so rudely in, I will explain by an illustration: terrupted in their study of the scriplittle town of Plymouth, tures, and had seen their loved and been plague-stricken pious teachers stretched out cold in because death on the greensward in front of ater supply was carelessly poiso ed the church, went to bed and dreamed kidneys and liver are the sources they were in hell. What a scene it hysical well-being. If polluted by must have been, and what an impresase, all the blood becomes poisoned, sion the horrible fight must have left

A Bosion man the other day found a small snake in a bunch of bananas. He promptly gave the bananas to a small boy.

"BOUGH ON CATABRH." Correct offensive odors at once. Complete cure of worst cases, also unequaled as gargie for Diphtheria. Sore Throat, Foul Breath. 50c.

There are no white servants at the White House.

THE HOPE OF THE NATION. Children, slow in development, piny, scrawny and delicate, use "Weil's Health Renewer." Parisian belies now carry pistols.

CATARRH OF THE BLADDER. Stinging, irritation, inflammation, all Kidney and Urinary Complaints, cured by "Buchu-Paiba." \$1.

# Color Your Butter.

Farmers that try to sell white butter are of the pinion that dairying does not pay. If they would use Wells, Richardson & Co,'s Improved Butter Color, and market their butter in perfect condition, they would still get good prices, but it will not pay to make any but the best in color and quality. This color is used by all the leading creameries and dairymen, and is sold by druggists and merchants,

FOR DYSPEPSIA. INDIGESTION, depression of spirits and general debility, in their various forms; also as a preventive against fever and ague and other inter-mittent fevers, the "Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya" made by Caswell Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic; and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it has no equal.

# Public Notice.

Notice is hereby given that a contract has this day been made between the Board of Inspectors of the Michigan State Prison and Detroit House of Correc-tion for the confinement and maintenance in said House of Correction of all females convicted and sen-tenced under sections 3853,3864 and 3865 Howell's An-notated Statutes.

Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell it. 25c.

Halford Sauce Expressly for family use. Only sold

# Do You Feel

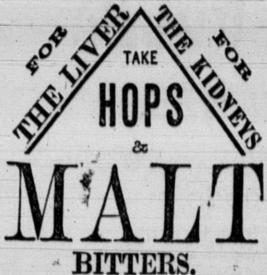
nervous, depressed, and despondent? Hood's Sar. saparilla will give you strength and vigor, restore and sharpen your appetite, build up your nervous system and clear your mind.

the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, re-lieves Heartburn and Belching, and strength-

ens the muscles and nerves. For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

for The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE. PP.





It will cure any case of Liver and Kidney troubles when properly taken. It is a perfect renovator and invigorator. It cleanses the sys-tem of the poisonous humors that develop in Liver, Kidney and Urinary diseases, car rying away all poisonous matter and re-storing the Blood to a healthy condition, enriching it, refreshing and invigorating Mind and Body. It prevents the growth to Serious Illness of a Dangerous Class of Diseases that begin in mere trivial all-ments, and are too apt to be neglected as such.



PRICE, 50 CENTS per bottle. Sold by druggists.

# DR RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT. The Great Blood Purifier-

FOR THE CURE OF CHRONIC DISEASES. Chronic Rheumatism, Scrofula, Giandular Swelling, Hacking, Dry Cough, Cancerous Affections, Syphilitic Complaints, Bleeding of the Lungs, Dyspepsia, Water Brash, White Swellings, Tumors, Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions of the Face, Ulcers, Skin and Hip Diseases, Mercurial Diseases, Female Complaints, Gout, Dropsy, Rickets, Salt Rheum, Bronchitis, Consumption, Kid-ney, Bladder, Liver Complaints, etc.

Dr Radway's Sarsaparillan Resolvent.

A remedy composed of ingredients of extraordinary medical properities, essential to purify, heal, repair and invigorate the broken-down and wasted body-QUICE, PLEASANT, SAFE and PERMANENT in its treat-ment and cure.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. One Dollar a bottle.

# DR. RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS.

The Great Liver and Stomach Remedy.

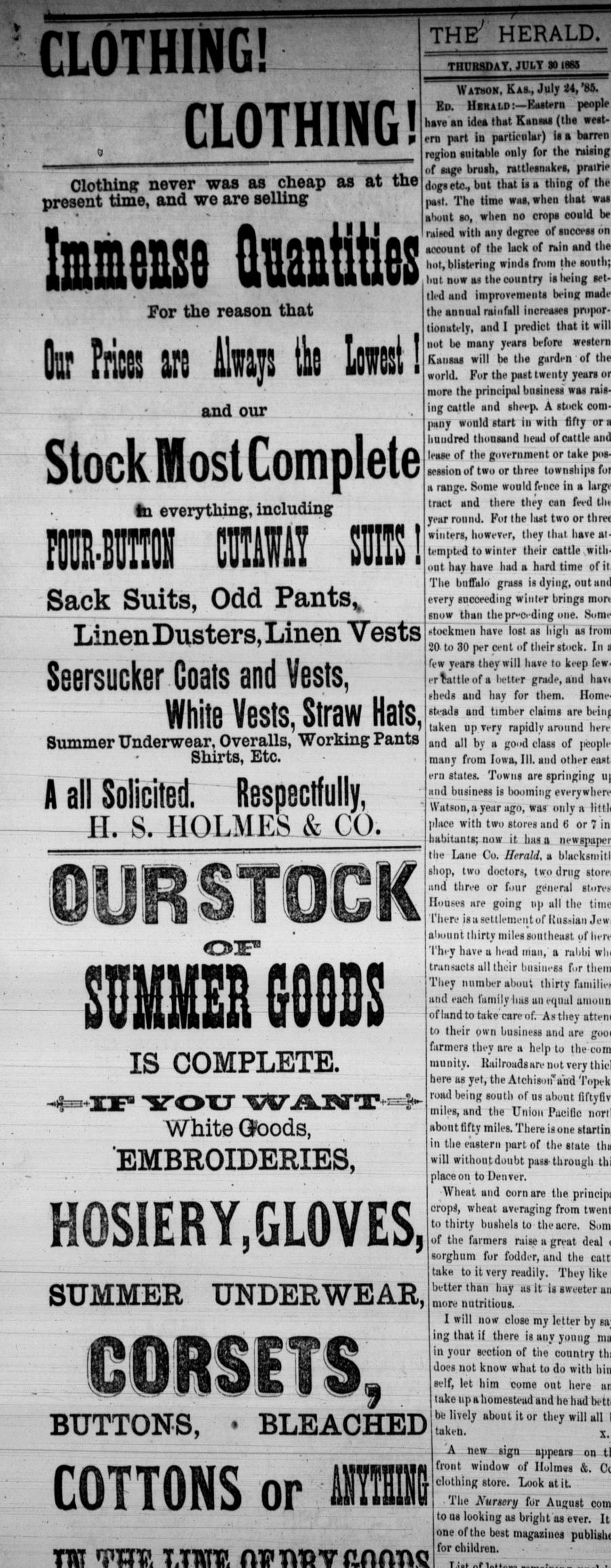
Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. Dr. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Con-stipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Billous-ness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all dearangements of the Internal Viscera. Purely yegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or dele-terous drugs.

Price 25 cents per box. Sold by all druggista.

**READ "FALSE AND TRUE."** 

Send a letter stamp to DR. RADWAY & CO., No. 22 Warren Street, New York. IF Information worth housands will be sent to you.





# THE HERALD. THURSDAY, JULY 30 1885

WATSON, KAS., July 24, '85. ED. HERALD :- Eastern people ave an idea that Kansas (the western part in particular) is a barren region suitable only for the raising of sage brush, rattlesnakes, prairie dogs etc., but that is a thing of the past. The time was, when that was about so, when no crops could be raised with any degree of success on account of the lack of rain and the hot, blistering winds from the south; but now as the country is being set tled and improvements being made the annual rainfall increases proportionately, and I predict that it wil not be many years before western Kansas will be the garden of the world. For the past twenty years or more the principal business was raising cattle and sheep. A stock company would start in with fifty or a hundred thousand head of cattle and lease of the government or take possession of two or three townships for a range. Some would fence in a large tract and there they can feed the year round. For the last two or three winters, however, they that have at tempted to winter their cattle without hay have had a hard time of it. The buffalo grass is dying, out and

snow than the preceding one. Some stockmen have lost as high as from 20 to 30 per cent of their stock. In a few years they will have to keep fewer cattle of a better grade, and have sheds and hay for them. Homesteads and timber claims are being sure precursor of the cholera. When

Greamery butter lisit not delicious? Furniture polish outy 25c. per Bacon's Hardware. bottle at

A man in Missouri recently made a good thing by getting a gang of colored men to catch drift wood as it came down the Mississippi, and gave them half what they caught. That fellow should be manager of a savings bank .- Ex.

Cheapest and best place to buy Housekeepers' Bazaar. hosiery.

An easy way to kill plantain, dand elion and other weeds in a lawn is to place a little sulphuric acid with stick on the crown of each plant, carrying the acid in an open monthed bottle with a long handle, so as not to touch it with fingers or clothes.

See our immense stock of jerseys all sizes and styles at Housekeepers' Bazaar.

The Panorama of the Battle of Gettysburg, on exhibition in Chicago, is considered by everybody the greatest attraction in the Garden Ci ty. It is visited daily by hundreds of people, and everybody says it is the greatest exhibition they ever saw. We can only say that nobody should submitted to a New York doctor to

If you want a gasoline stove, buy the best, the Crown Jewel. Bacou's Hardware.

It is a fact worthy of note, that there is a great absence of that pest of the neat housewife and of the baldheaded man, the housefly. And according to all precedents, this is a

taken up very rapidly around here, the housefly is plenty, cholera never and all by a good class of people, rages, it is said, but when that insect fertilizers are so concentrated and

The edelweiss, that Alpine flower which has been the desire of tourists and the frequent cause of accidents will no longer be the symbol of hardy adventure, since it now tamely grow in common garden earth mixed with a little lime. The seed is sown in a cold frame and the plant is transplanted with ease and safty.

FARM NOTES.

An authority states that when fish manure is pure and dry it is rich in phosphates and nitrogen, containing from six to eight per cent of the form. er and five to seven of the latter. If spread on land in a crude state the phosphate is not immediately avail. able because, being in the bones, it is not soluble until they decompose.

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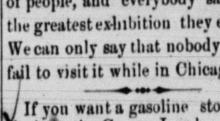
Th

Quite a demand has sprung up for the butternut wood for making wood. en shoes. These shoes are coming into extensive use in breweries and other industrial establishments where the floors are damp. They are much warmer than the best leather-soled shoes under such circumstances, and have not the oppressive condensation of moisture characteristic of gum.

A ham, western cured, has been determine the nature of certain parasites that infest it. He decided that they were specimens of the acaru sacchari. or sugarmite, closely allied to the ordinary plant louse, and closely resembling it in all but color. The doctor gives it as his opinion that they probably would do no harm if eaten alive.

Don't buy what you have already Some one truly says that commercial many from Iowa, Ill. and other east- fails to make its appearance, and pur- easily handled that many are tempted or farm buildings.

fail to visit it while in Chicago.



place with two stores and 6 or 7 inhabitants; now it has a newspaper, beings .- Ex.

the Lane Co. Herald, a blacksmith shop, two doctors, two drug stores and three or four general stores, Houses are going up all the time There is a settlement of Russian Jews abount thirty miles southeast of here. They have a head man, a rabbi who transacts all their business for them. They number about thirty families, and each family has an equal amount of land to take care of. As they attend to their own business and are good farmers they are a help to the community. Railroads are not very thick here as yet, the Atchison and Topeka road being south of us about fiftyfive miles, and the Union Pacific north about fifty miles. There is one starting in the eastern part of the state that will without doubt pass through this place on to Denver.

Wheat and corn are the principal crops, wheat averaging from twenty to thirty bushels to the acre. Some of the farmers raise a great deal of sorghum for fodder, and the cattle take to it very readily. They like it better than hay as it is sweeter and more nutritious.

I will now close my letter by saying that if there is any young man in your section of the country that does not know what to do with himself, let him come out here and take up a homestead and he had better be lively about it or they will all be taken. x.

A new sign appears on the front window of Holmes &. Co's clothing store. Look at it.

The Nursery for August comes to us looking as bright as ever. It is one of the best magazines published for children.

ern states. Towns are springing up ify the air by absorbing its impurites. to use them when barnyard manue and business is booming everywhere. then the dread destroyer stalks forth seems to be running short, instead of Watson, a year ago, was only a little boldly with the scythe of death, and scraping up and utilizing every scrap mows down broad swaths of human of manure obtainable about the house

NEW

ADVERTISEMENT

NEXT

